

Fire damper

Type FKRS-EU

according to Declaration of Performance DoP / FKRS-EU / DE / 003



Read the instructions prior to performing any task!



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Translation of the original M375EE7, 4, GB/en 10/2016

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General information

About this manual

This operating and installation manual enables operating or service personnel to correctly install the TROX product described below and to use it safely and efficiently.

This operating and installation manual is intended for use by fitting and installation companies, in-house technicians, technical staff, properly trained persons, and qualified electricians or air conditioning technicians.

It is essential that these individuals read and fully understand this manual before starting any work. The basic prerequisite for safe working is to comply with the safety notes and all instructions in this manual.

The local regulations for health and safety at work and general safety regulations also apply.

This manual must be given to the system owner when handing over the system. The system owner must include the manual with the system documentation. The manual must be kept in a place that is accessible at all times.

Illustrations in this manual are mainly for information and may differ from the actual design.

Copyright

This document, including all illustrations, is protected by copyright and pertains only to the corresponding product.

Any use without our consent may be an infringement of copyright, and the violator will be held liable for any damage.

This applies in particular to:

- Publishing content
- Copying content
- Translating content
- Microcopying content
- Saving content to electronic systems and editing it

TROX Technical Service

To ensure that a fault is processed as quickly as possible, please keep the following information ready:

- Delivery date of the TROX components and systems
- TROX order number
- Product name
- Brief description of the fault

Contact in case of a fault

Online	www.troxtechnik.com
Phone	+49 2845 202-400

Limitation of liability

The information in this manual has been compiled with reference to the applicable standards and guidelines, the state of the art, and our expertise and experience of many years.

The manufacturer does not accept any liability for damages resulting from:

- Non-compliance with this manual
- Incorrect use
- Operation or handling by untrained individuals
- Unauthorised modifications
- Technical changes
- Use of non-approved replacement parts

The actual scope of delivery may differ from the information in this manual for bespoke constructions, additional order options or as a result of recent technical changes.

The obligations agreed in the order, the general terms and conditions, the manufacturer's terms of delivery, and the legal regulations in effect at the time the contract is signed shall apply.

We reserve the right to make technical changes.

Defects liability

For details regarding defects liability please refer to Section VI, Warranty Claims, of the Delivery and Payment Terms of TROX GmbH.

The Delivery and Payment Terms of TROX GmbH are available at www.troxtechnik.com.



Safety notes

Symbols are used in this manual to alert readers to areas of potential hazard. Signal words express the degree of the hazard.



DANGER!

Imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING!

Potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION!

Potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.



NOTICE!

Potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.



ENVIRONMENT!

Environmental pollution hazard.

Tips and recommendations



Useful tips and recommendations as well as information for efficient and fault-free operation.

Safety notes as part of instructions

Safety notes may refer to individual instructions. In this case, safety notes will be included in the instructions and hence facilitate following the instructions. The above listed signal words will be used.

Example:

- 1. Untighten the screw.
- 2.



CAUTION!

Danger of finger entrapment when closing the lid.

Be careful when closing the lid.

3. Tighten the screw.

Specific safety notes

The following symbols are used in safety notes to alert you to specific hazards:

Warning signs	Type of danger
<u>^</u>	Warning – danger zone.



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Safety

1.1 General safety notes

Sharp edges, sharp corners and thin sheet metal parts



CAUTION!

Danger of injury from sharp edges, sharp corners and thin sheet metal parts!

Sharp edges, sharp corners and thin sheet metal parts may cause cuts or grazes.

- Be careful when carrying out any work.
- Wear protective gloves, safety shoes and a hard hat.

Electrical voltage



DANGER!

Danger of electric shock! Do not touch any live components! Electrical equipment carries a dangerous electrical voltage.

- Only skilled qualified electricians are allowed to work on the electrical system.
- Switch off the power supply before working on any electrical equipment.

1.2 Correct use

- The fire damper is used as an automatic shut-off device to prevent fire and smoke from spreading through ducting.
- The fire damper is suitable for supply air and extract air systems.
- The fire damper may be used in potentially explosive atmospheres if appropriate special accessories are used with it and if the product bears the CE conformity marking according to Directive 94/9/EC. Fire dampers for use in potentially explosive atmospheres are marked for the zones for which they have been approved.
- Operation of the fire dampers is allowed only in compliance with installation regulations and the technical data in this installation and operating manual.
- Modifications of the fire damper and the use of replacement parts that have not been approved by TROX are not permitted.

Incorrect use



WARNING!

Danger due to incorrect use!

Incorrect use of the fire damper can lead to dangerous situations.

Never use the fire damper

- without specially approved attachments in areas with potentially explosive atmospheres
- as a smoke control damper
- outdoors without sufficient protection against the effects of weather
- in atmospheres where chemical reactions, whether planned or unplanned, may cause damage to the fire damper or lead to corrosion

1.3 Qualified staff



WARNING!

Danger of injury due to insufficiently qualified individuals!

Incorrect use may cause considerable injury or damage to property.

Only skilled qualified personnel must carry out work.

The following degrees of qualification are required for the work described in the operating manual:

Skilled qualified electrician

Skilled qualified electricians are individuals who have sufficient professional or technical training, knowledge and actual experience to enable them to work on electrical systems, understand any potential hazards related to the work under consideration, and recognise and avoid any risks involved.

Specialist personnel

Specialist personnel are individuals who have sufficient professional or technical training, knowledge and actual experience to enable them to carry out their assigned duties, understand any potential hazards related to the work under consideration, and recognise and avoid any risks involved.

General data

2 Technical data

2.1 General data

Nominal sizes	100 – 315 mm				
Volume flow rate range	up to 770 l/s				
	up to 2770 m³/h				
Differential pressure range	up to 1500 Pa				
Operating temperature ^{1, 3}	At least 0 – 50 °C				
Release temperature	72 °C or 95 °C (for warm air ventilation systems)				
Upstream velocity ^{2, 3}	≤ 8 m/s with fusible link				
	≤ 10 m/s with spring return actuator				
Closed blade air leakage	EN 1751, Class 3				
Casing air leakage	EN 1751, Class C				
EC conformity	 Construction Products Regulation (EU) no. 305/2011 EN 15650 – Ventilation for buildings – Fire dampers EN 13501-3 – Classification – Part 3: Fire resisting ducts and fire dampers EN 1366-2 – Fire resistance tests for service installations – Part 2: Fire dampers EN 1751 Ventilation for buildings – Air terminal devices 				
Declaration of performance	DoP / FKRS-EU / DE / 003				

¹⁾ Temperatures may differ for units with attachments. Details for other applications are available on request.

Rating plate

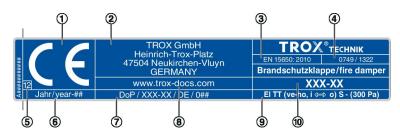


Fig. 1: Rating plate (example)

- ① CE mark
- ② Manufacturer's address
- Number of the European standard and year of its publication
- 4 Notified body
- The last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed
- Year of manufacture
- O No. of the declaration of performance
- ® Website from which the DoP can be downloaded
- Regulated characteristics; the fire resistance class depends on the application and may vary & Chapter 5.1 'Installation situations' on page 15
- ⊕ Type

²⁾ Data applies to uniform upstream and downstream conditions for the fire damper

³⁾ For explosion-proof constructions of the FKRS-EU see the corresponding operating manual

FKRS-EU with fusible link

2.2 FKRS-EU with fusible link

Dimensions and weight

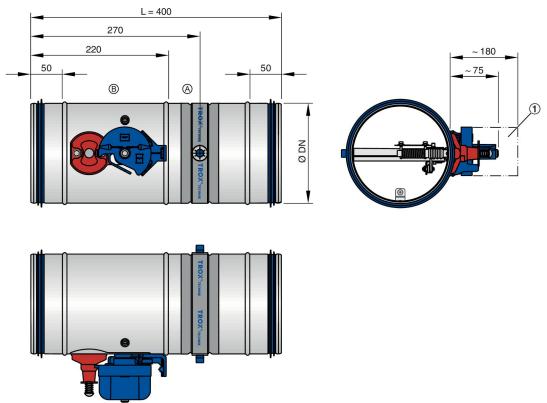


Fig. 2: FKRS-EU with fusible link

- 1 Keep clear to provide access for operation
- A Installation side
- ® Operating side

Weight [kg]										
Nominal size [mm]	100	125	150	160	180	200	224	250	280	315
ØDN [mm]	99	124	149	159	179	199	223	249	279	314
FKRS-EU with fusible link	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.3	3.8	4.4
with circular installation block (ER)	5.7	8.6	7.6	7.3	11.0	9.8	13.5	12.1	16.0	15.0
with square installation block (TQ)	5.4	6.1	7.0	7.9	8.8	9.7	10.6	12.0	13.7	15.8
with wall face frame (WA)	4.4	5.2	6.1	6.6	7.4	8.2	9.0	10.2	11.7	13.6
with installation kit for flexible ceiling joints (GL)	4.4	5.2	6.1	6.6	7.4	8.2	9.0	10.2	11.7	13.6
with installation kit for installation remote from walls and ceilings (WE)	4.4	5.2	6.1	6.6	7.4	8.2	9.0	10.2	11.7	13.6



FKRS-EU with spring return actuator

Limit switches							
Connecting cable length / cross section	1 m / 3 × 0.34 mm ²						
Protection level	IP 66						
Type of contact	1 changeover contact, gold-plated						
Maximum switching current	0.5 A						
Maximum switching voltage	30 V DC, 250 V AC						
Contact resistance	approx. 30 mΩ						

2.3 FKRS-EU with spring return actuator

Dimensions and weight

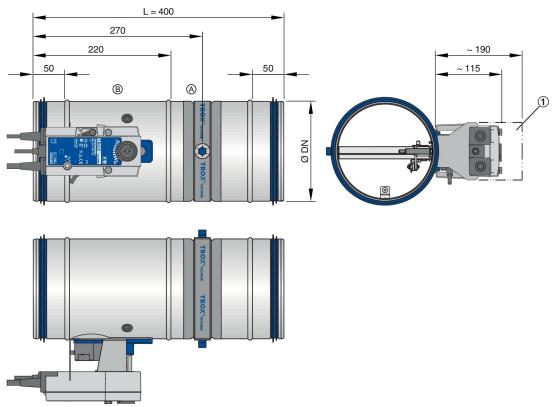


Fig. 3: FKRS-EU with spring return actuator

- 1 Keep clear to provide access for operation
- Installation side
- ® Operating side

Weight [kg]										
Nominal size [mm] 100 125 150 160 180 200 224 250 280 31									315	
ØDN [mm]	99	124	149	159	179	199	223	249	279	314
FKRS-EU with spring return actuator	3.1	3.4	3.6	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.2
with circular installation block (ER)	7.5	10.4	9.4	9.1	12.8	11.6	15.3	13.9	17.8	16.8
with square installation block (TQ)	7.2	7.9	8.8	9.7	10.6	11.5	12.4	13.8	15.5	17.6
with wall face frame (WA)	6.2	7.0	7.9	8.4	9.2	10.0	10.8	12.0	13.5	15.4



FKRS-EU with spring return actuator

Weight [kg]										
Nominal size [mm]	100	125	150	160	180	200	224	250	280	315
with installation kit for flexible ceiling joints (GL)	6.2	7.0	7.9	8.4	9.2	10.0	10.8	12.0	13.5	15.4
with installation kit for installation remote from walls and ceilings (WE)	6.2	7.0	7.9	8.4	9.2	10.0	10.8	12.0	13.5	15.4

Spring return actuator BFL								
Construction		230-T TR 24-T-ST 1						
Supply voltage		230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	24 V AC/DC, 50/60 Hz					
Functional range		198 264 V AC	19.2 28.8 V AC					
			21.6 28.8 V DC					
Power rating	Spring compression	3.5 W	2.5 W					
	Hold position	1.1 W	0.8 W					
	Rating	6.5 VA	4 VA					
Running time	Actuator / spring return	< 60 s (< 60 s a	at -3010 °C)					
Limit switch	Type of contact	2 changeover contacts						
	Switching voltage	5 – 120 V DC / 5 – 250 V AC						
	Switching current	1 mA 3 (0.5 inductive) A						
	Contact resistance	< 1 Ω (when new)						
IEC protection class		II						
Protection level		IP 54						
Storage temperature		-40	55 °C					
Ambient temperature		-30	55 °C ¹					
Ambient humidity		≤ 95 % RH, non-condensing						
Connecting cable	Actuator	1 m / 2 × 0.75 mm ²	(free of halogens)					
	Limit switch	1 m / 6 × 0.75 mm ² (free of halogens)						

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ Up to 75 $^{\mbox{\scriptsize o}}\mbox{\scriptsize C}$ the safe position will definitely be reached.



3 Transport and storage

Delivery check

Check delivered items immediately after arrival for transport damage and completeness. In case of any damage or an incomplete shipment, contact the shipping company and your supplier immediately.

- Fire damper
 - Attachments/accessories, if any
- Operating manual (1 per shipment)



Colour hues on the damper blade

The blades of fire dampers are treated with a greenish impregnating agent. Resulting colour hues on the damper blade are due to technical reasons and do not constitute a defect of any kind.

Transport on site

If possible, take the fire damper in its transport packaging up to the installation location.

Storage

If the unit has to be stored temporarily:

- Remove any plastic wrapping.
- Protect the unit from dust and contamination.
- Store the unit in a dry place and away from direct sunlight.
- Do not expose the unit to the effects of weather (not even in its packaging).
- Do not store the unit below -40 °C or above 50 °C.

Packaging

Properly dispose of packaging material.

FKRS-EU with spring return actuator

4 Parts and function

Fire dampers are used as safety related components in ventilation systems. The fire damper is used as a shut-off device to prevent fire and smoke from spreading through ducting. During normal operation the damper blade is open to enable air passage through the ventilation system.

If the temperature increases in the event of a fire, the damper blade closes. Closure is triggered at 72 $^{\circ}$ C (95 $^{\circ}$ C in warm air ventilation systems). If the damper blade closes due to a temperature increase (i.e. in the event of a fire), it must not be reopened.

To ensure proper functioning of the fire damper, a test can be carried out. § 88

4.1 FKRS-EU with fusible link

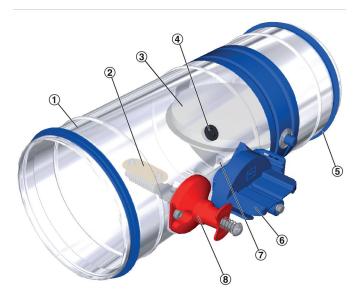


Fig. 4: FKRS-EU with fusible link

- 1 Casing
- 2 Fusible link
- 3 Damper blade with seal
- 4 Inspection access (12 mm)
- 5 Lip seal
- 6 Handle with interlock and damper blade position indicator
- 7 Travel stop for CLOSED position
- 8 Release mechanism

Functional description

In fire dampers with a fusible link, damper closure is triggered by the fusible link. If the temperature inside the fire damper rises to 72 °C or 95 °C, the fusible link triggers a coil spring mechanism. The coil spring mechanism then causes the fire damper to close.

As an option, the fire damper can be either supplied or subsequently fitted with one or two limit switches. The limit switches can signal the damper blade position to the central BMS or fire alarm system. One limit switch each is required for damper blade positions OPEN and CLOSED.

4.2 FKRS-EU with spring return actuator

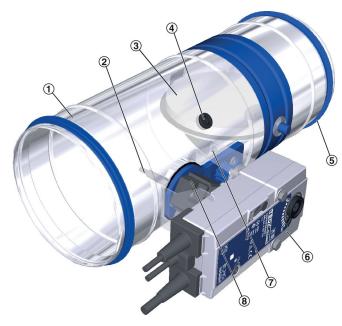


Fig. 5: FKRS-EU with spring return actuator

- 1 Casing
- 2 Temperature sensor
- 3 Damper blade with seal
- 4 Inspection access (12 mm)
- 5 Lip seal
- 6 Spring return actuator
- 7 Travel stop for CLOSED position
- 8 Thermoelectric release mechanism

Functional description

The spring return actuator enables the motorised opening and closing of the damper blade; it can be activated by the central BMS. As long as power is supplied to the actuator, the damper blade remains open. In the event of a fire, the internal thermoelectric release mechanism closes the damper blade when at least one of the following is true:

- Temperature in the fire damper > 72 °C or > 95 °C
- Ambient temperature outside the release mechanism > 72 °C
- The power supply is interrupted (power off to close)

As standard, the spring return actuator is equipped with limit switches that can be used to indicate the damper blade position.

FKRS-EU with fusible link and cover gr...

4.3 FKRS-EU with fusible link and cover grille used as an air transfer unit

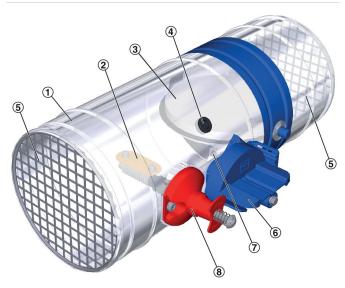


Fig. 6: FKRS-EU with fusible link and cover grille used as an air transfer unit

- 1 Casing
- 2 Fusible link
- 3 Damper blade with seal
- 4 Inspection access (12 mm)
- 5 Cover grille
- 6 Handle with interlock and damper blade position indicator
- 7 Travel stop for CLOSED position
- 8 Release mechanism

Functional description

Air transfer units prevent fire and smoke from spreading in buildings. The thermal release mechanism closes the air transfer unit when the release temperature (72 °C) is reached. Smoke can, however, spread below this temperature. Air transfer units are installed in places where the general building inspectorate sees no risk, for example:

- As an inlet for additional supply air in the walls of required corridors (escape routes) if the inlet is near the ground (centre line up to 500 mm above floor surface)
- In installation shafts as long as they have sufficient fire resistance where they penetrate compartment floors
- In installation ducts as long as they have sufficient fire resistance where they penetrate compartment floors or walls (except for necessary corridors or escape routes)

The air transfer unit consists of the FKRS-EU fire damper with general building inspectorate licence Z-19.18-2128, with a thermal release mechanism for 72 °C and with cover grilles on both sides, but without a duct smoke detector.



Installation situations

5 Installation

5.1 Installation situations



Note

The performance classes of the fire damper and the wall or ceiling slab may differ. The lower performance class determines the performance class of the overall system.

	Installation	n situati	ons		
Supporting construction	Installation location	Min- imum thick- ness [mm]	Class of performance EI TT $(v_e-h_o, i \leftrightarrow o) S$ up to	Installation type	Installa- tion informa- tion
Solid walls	in	100	EI 120 S	N	∜ 19
		100	EI 90 S	E	
		100	EI 120 S	W ¹	∜ 22
	in, with flexible ceiling joint	100	EI 90 S	N	⇔ 20
	on the face of	100	EI 90 S	E	⇔ 24
	remote from	100	EI 90 S	E	⇔ 26
Solid ceiling slabs	in	100 (150) ⁴	EI 120 S	N	⇔ 30
		100 (150) ⁴	EI 90 S	Е	⇔ 37
		100 (150) ⁴	EI 120 S	W ¹	∜ 38
	in, with concrete base	100 (150) ⁴	EI 120 S	N	∜ 35
	underneath (suspended, horizontal duct)	100 (150) ⁴	EI 90 S	Е	∜ 40
	combined with wooden beam ceilings	150	EI 90 S	N	∜ 33
	combined with modular ceilings 5	150	EI 120 S	N	∜ 34
Lightweight parti-	in, with metal support structure,	98	EI 120 S ²	N ¹	
tion walls	cladding on both sides	98	EI 90 S	E	∜ 46
		98	EI 120 S ²	W ¹	∜ 48
		75	EI 30 S	N	
		75	EI 30 S	E	∜ 47

¹⁾ The class of performance depends on the installation details

N = Mortar-based installation

E = Installation kit

W = Fire batt

²⁾ For lightweight partition walls ≥ EI 120

 $^{^{3)}}$ Wall thickness 100 mm - 235 mm

⁴⁾ Thickness increased near the installation opening

⁵⁾ Cadolto system

Installation situations

	Installation	on situat	ions		
Supporting construction	Installation location	Min- imum thick- ness [mm]	Class of performance EI TT $(v_e-h_o, i \leftrightarrow o) S$ up to	Installation type	Installa- tion informa- tion
		80	EI 60 S	W	∜ 50
	in, with steel support structure,	98	EI 90 S	N	
	cladding on both sides	98	EI 90 S	E	
	remote from	98	EI 90 S	E	∜ 51
	in, with metal support structure, cladding on both sides, flexible ceiling joint	100 ³	EI 90 S	Е	∜ 55
	in, with timber support structure (also timber panel constructions and timber frames), cladding on both sides	130	EI 120 S	N ¹	
		130	EI 120 S	E	∜ 60
		130	EI 120 S	W ¹	∜ 62
		105	EI 30 S	N	∜ 58
		105	EI 30 S	Е	⇔ 60
		105	EI 30 S	W	⇔ 62
	in, half-timbered constructions,	140	EI 90 S	N	
	cladding on both sides	140	EI 90 S	E	∜ 60
		140	EI 90 S	W	⇔ 62
Fire walls	in, with metal support structure,	100	EI 90 S	N	∜ 70
	cladding on both sides	100	EI 90 S	E	∜ 71
Shaft walls	in, with metal support structure,	90	EI 90 S	N	∜ 74
	cladding on one side	90	EI 90 S	E	∜ 76
	in, with steel support structure, cladding on one side	90	EI 90 S	N	∜ 74
	in, without metal support structure, cladding on one side	50	EI 90 S	Е	∜ 79

¹⁾ The class of performance depends on the installation details

N = Mortar-based installation

E = Installation kit

W = Fire batt

²⁾ For lightweight partition walls ≥ EI 120

 $^{^{3)}}$ Wall thickness 100 mm – 235 mm

⁴⁾ Thickness increased near the installation opening

⁵⁾ Cadolto system

General installation information

5.2 Safety notes on installation

Sharp edges, sharp corners and thin sheet metal parts



CAUTION!

Danger of injury from sharp edges, sharp corners and thin sheet metal parts!

Sharp edges, sharp corners and thin sheet metal parts may cause cuts or grazes.

- Be careful when carrying out any work.
- Wear protective gloves, safety shoes and a hard hat.

5.3 General installation information

!

NOTICE!

Risk of damage to the fire damper

- Protect the fire damper from contamination and damage.
- Cover openings and release mechanism (e.g. with plastic foil) to protect them from mortar and dripping water.
- Do not remove the transport and installation protection (if any) until installation is complete.

Please note:

- Control elements, electric actuator and inspection access panel must remain accessible for maintenance.
- Loads imposed on the casing may impair the function of the fire damper. Install and connect the damper in such a way that no loads will be imposed on the installed damper.
- Close larger installation openings or cut holes according to the wall structure, e.g. masonry work.
- Before installation: Perform a functional test, then close the fire damper. ♥ 88
- Protect the fire damper from humidity and condensation as they will damage the fire damper.

Installation position

The fire damper can be installed with the damper blade shaft in any position (0 to 360°)(Fig. 7). The position of the release mechanism is not critical but the mechanism must remain accessible for maintenance.

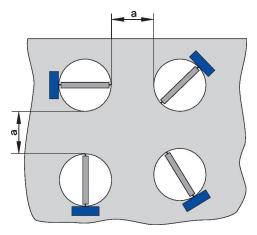


Fig. 7: Installation positions and distances

a Distance between two fire dampers. The distance depends on the installation situation and is given in the installation details.

Perimeter gap »s«

With mortar-based installation the perimeter gap »s« must not exceed 75 mm. The perimeter gap »s« must be large enough such that mortar can be filled in even in case of thicker walls. The gap must be large enough such that mortar can be filled in. We recommend a gap of at least 20 mm.

Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation

In case of mortar-based installation, the open spaces between the fire damper casing and the wall or ceiling slab must be closed off with mortar. Entrapped air is to be avoided. The mortar bed depth should be equal to the thickness of the wall but must be at least 100 mm.

The following mortars are acceptable:

- DIN 1053: Groups II, IIa, III, IIIa; fire protection mortar of groups II, III
- EN 998-2: Classes M 2.5 to M 10 or fire protection mortar of classes M 2.5 to M 10
- Equivalent mortars that meet the requirements of the above standards, gypsum mortar or concrete

Mineral wool as filling material

Unless otherwise stated in the relevant installation details, mineral wool with a gross density of ≥ 80 kg/m³ and a melting point of 1000 °C must be used.

Fire batt systems

The following fire batt systems are acceptable (fire batt systems have to be provided by others):



General installation information > After installation

Hilti

- Firestop board CFS-CT B 1S 140/50
- Ablative coating CFS-CT
- Fire-resistant sealant CFS-S ACR

HENSEL

- Mineral wool slab ROCKWOOL Hardrock 40
- Ablative coating HENSOMASTIK 5 KS Farbe
- Fire-resistant sealant HENSOMASTIK 5 KS Spachtel

Promat

- Mineral wool slab Paroc Pyrotech Slab 160
- Ablative coating Promastopp-CC

For installation with a fire batt the FKRS-EU has to be coated. Alternatively, sleeves can be used. Sleeves are to be ordered separately.

Fire-resistant cladding

When you use installation kit WE, the following materials are acceptable for the cladding of fire dampers and ducts:

- Promatect LS35
- Promatect L500
- Promatect AD40

5.3.1 After installation

- Clean the fire damper.
- Remove transport and installation protection, if any.
 In case of mortar-based installation this protection must not be removed until the mortar has hardened.
- Test the function of the fire damper.
- Connect the ductwork.
- Make electrical connections.

Solid walls > Mortar-based installation

5.4 Solid walls

5.4.1 Mortar-based installation

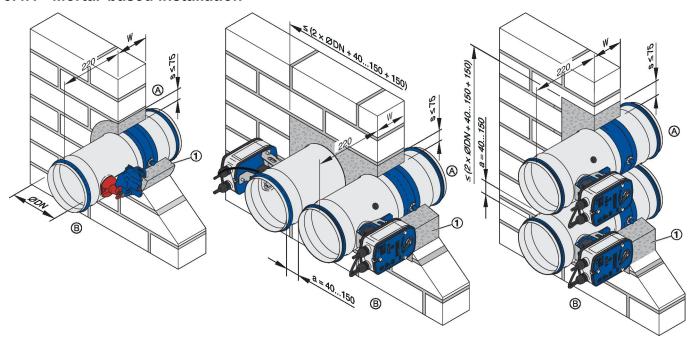


Fig. 8: Installation into a solid wall

- 1 Mortar
- A Installation side
- B Operating side

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

Mortar & 'Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation' on page 17

Requirements

- Performance class up to El 120 S
- Solid walls or fire walls made of, for example, concrete, aerated concrete, masonry, or solid gypsum wallboards according to EN 12859 (without open spaces), gross density ≥ 350 kg/m³ and W ≥ 100 mm
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 40 mm distance between two fire dampers
- 1. Create an appropriate installation opening, ØDN + 150 mm max.. When you install two fire dampers next to each other into the same opening, the mortar bed between the two fire dampers must not exceed 150 mm.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the wall is 220 mm. If the wall thickness is >115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct.
- 3. Close off the perimeter gap »s« with mortar. The mortar bed depth must be at least 100 mm.

2

If the fire damper is installed as the wall is being erected, the perimeter gap »s« is not required. The open spaces between the fire damper and the wall must be closed off with mortar. Entrapped air is to be avoided. The mortar bed depth should be equal to the thickness of the wall.



Solid walls > Mortar-based installation with flexi...

5.4.2 Mortar-based installation with flexible ceiling joint

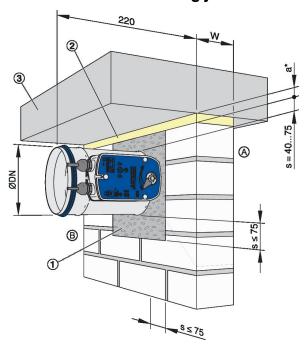


Fig. 9: Mortar-based installation in a solid wall with flexible ceiling joint

- 1 Mortar
- 2 Mineral wool (depending on the flexible ceiling joint)
- 3 Solid ceiling slab
- Installation side

- Operating side
- Subsidence of ceiling slab according to the code of good practice
- ≤ 30 mm (following subsidence)

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Mortar ♦ 'Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation' on page 17

Requirements

- Performance class up to El 90 S
- Solid walls or fire walls made of, for example, concrete, aerated concrete, masonry, or solid gypsum wallboards according to EN 12859 (without open spaces), gross density ≥ 350 kg/m³ and W ≥ 100 mm
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 40 mm distance between two fire dampers
- 1. ► Create an appropriate installation opening, ØDN + 150 mm max.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the wall is 220 mm.
 - If the wall thickness is >115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct.
- 3. Close off the perimeter gap »s« with mortar. The mortar bed depth must be at least 100 mm.
- 4. Fill the gap above the mortar bed with mineral wool.

5.4.3 Dry mortarless installation with circular installation block ER

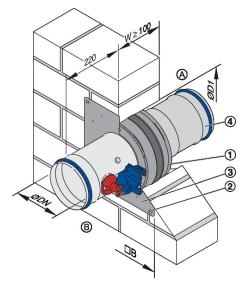


Fig. 10: Intallation with circular installation block

- Circular installation block (factory mounted)
- Screw fixing 2
- Cover plate 3
- Extension piece

- Installation opening § Table on page 21 $\emptyset D1$ Installation side
- \bigcirc
- Operating side **B**

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

- Performance class EI 90 S
- Solid walls or fire walls made of, for example, concrete, aerated concrete, masonry, or solid gypsum wallboards according to EN 12859 (without open spaces), gross density ≥ 350 kg/m³ and W ≥ 100 mm
- ≥ 75 mm distance between installation block and load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two installation blocks
- 1. ▶ Create an appropriate opening with ØD1 ♥ Table on page 21
- 2. Position the fire damper with the installation block in the centre of the installation opening and push it in up to the cover plate.

If the wall thickness is >115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct.

3. Fix the cover plate with four threaded rods (push through installation) or with at least four M6 screws. For solid walls and solid ceiling slabs, suitable steel anchors with building inspectorate approval must be used.

Dimensions of installation opening/cover plate [mm]										
Nominal size	100	125	150	160	180	200	224	250	280	315
ØD1	200	250	250	250	300	300	350	350	400	400
□В	250	300	300	300	350	350	400	400	450	450

Installation opening tolerance + 2 mm

Solid walls > Dry mortarless installation with fir...

5.4.4 Dry mortarless installation with fire batt

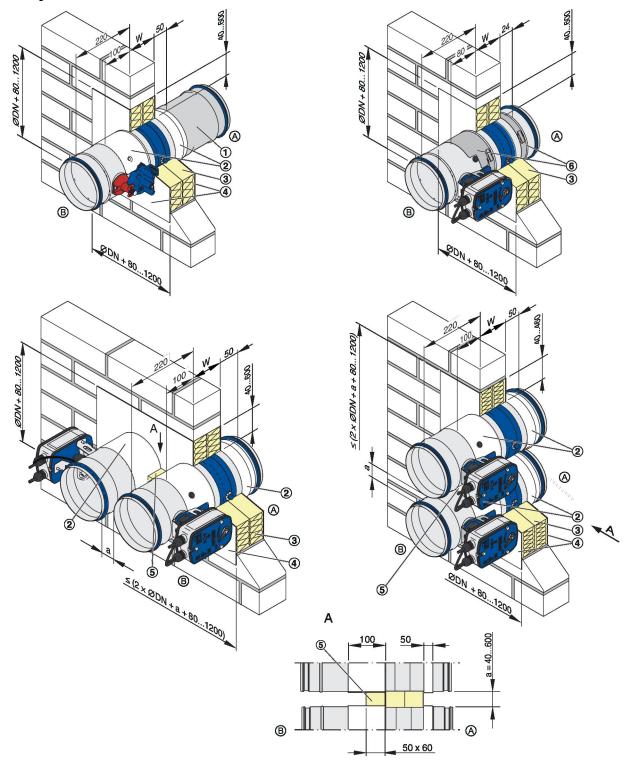


Fig. 11: Installation with fire batt

- Extension piece (if required)
- 2 Ablative coating
- 3 4 Coated mineral wool slabs, ≥ 140 kg/m³
- Ablative coating

- Mineral wool strip, 50 × 60 × ØDN/2, ≥ 80 kg/m³ 5 (only when distance a ≤ 50 mm)
- Sleeve (either one sleeve on the operating side 6 only, or one sleeve each on the operating side and on the installation side)
- Installation side
- Operating side

Note: Each fire damper has to be suspended both on the operating side and on the installation side & 80.

Solid walls > Dry mortarless installation with fir...

Performance class and installation details

Performance class up to	Fire batt system	Size ØDN [mm]	Distances	[mm]	Coating or sleeves		
			to load- bearing structural elements	between dampers (two installation openings)	between dampers (one installation opening)	Coating	Sleeves
EI 120 S	Hensel/	100200	≥ 40	≥ 200	_	both sides	one sleeve ^{1, 2}
EI 120 S	Hilti/ Promat	100315			_	both sides	two sleeves ¹
EI 90 S		100315			a = 40600	both sides	one sleeve ^{1, 2}

¹⁾ Sleeves are to be ordered separately.

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Fire batt systems ∜ 'Fire batt systems' on page 17

Requirements

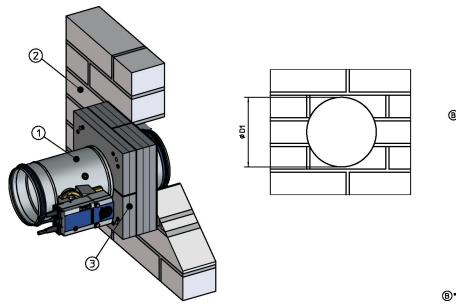
- Performance class up to El 120 S 🤄 'Performance class and installation details' on page 23
- Solid walls or fire walls made of, for example, concrete, aerated concrete, masonry, or solid gypsum wallboards according to EN 12859 (without open spaces), gross density ≥ 350 kg/m³ and W ≥ 100 mm
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- 1. An opening is required, see Fig. 11. 40...600 mm between fire damper and wall opening
- 2. ▶ Push the fire damper into the installation opening and suspend it both on the operating side and on the installation side. ♦ 80
- 3. Depending on the nominal size ØDN and wall thickness W you may have to extend the fire damper with an extension piece (attachment or provided by others) on the installation side.
- **4.** Completely close off the perimeter gap between the fire damper and the wall or ceiling slab with two layers of coated mineral wool slabs, ≥ 140 kg/m³. Apply fire-resistant sealant to the cut faces of the mineral wool slabs and fit them tightly into the opening. Seal any gaps between the mineral wool slabs and the installation opening, gaps between the cut faces of cut-to-size pieces, and gaps between slabs and the fire damper by applying fire-resistant sealant.
- **5.** Apply ablative coating to joints, transitions and any imperfections on the coated mineral wool slabs. Attach the mineral wool strip ⑤, if necessary.
- **6.** You may use sleeves; if you do not use sleeves, you have to apply ablative coating ②, ≥ 2.5 mm thick, to the fire damper casing ∜ 'Performance class and installation details' on page 23. The actuator and release unit must not be coated.

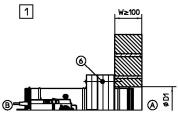
²⁾ On the operating side

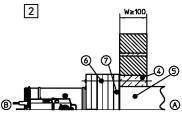


Solid walls > Dry mortarless installation with wal...

5.4.5 Dry mortarless installation with wall face frame WA







GR2070103

Fig. 12: Installation with wall face frame WA

- **FKRS-EU**
- 2 Bricks, concrete or aearated concrete
- 3 Installation kit WA (factory assembled)
- 4 Mortar or concrete
- 5 Duct
- Fixing with steel anchors or with threaded rods (push through)
- 7 Reinforcing board (by others), calcium silicate x = 30 mm or mineral wool x = 50 mm, ≥ 140 kg/m³, A1, 1000 °C
- ØD1 Installation opening § Table on page 25
- Installation into a cut hole, EI 90 S
- 1 2 Installation into a duct with perimeter mortar infill, flush with the wall, EI 90 S
- Installation side (A)
- (B) Operating side

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

- Performance class EI 90 S
- Solid walls or fire walls made of, for example, concrete, aerated concrete, masonry, or solid gypsum wallboards according to EN 12859 (without open spaces), gross density ≥ 350 kg/m³ and W ≥ 100 mm
- ≥ 75 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers

1 Installation into a cut hole

- 1. ▶ Provide a cut hole (diameter ØD1) and even out any uneven wall patches ♥ Table on page 25
- 2. Position the fire damper in the centre of the installation opening fix it, either with fire-rated anchors suitable for the type of wall or with four M8 threaded rods (push through).
- [2] Installation into a duct with perimeter mortar infill, flush with the wall
- 1. Provide a reinforcing board 7 and attach it to the installation side of the FKRS-EU.



Solid walls > Dry mortarless installation with wal...

2. The wall surface must be even. Push the fire damper into the duct (with perimeter mortar infill, flush with the wall) and fix it with four M8 threaded rods (push through).

Dimensions of installation opening/wall face frame [mm]										
Nominal size 100 125 150 160 180 200 224 250 280 31								315		
ØD1	130	155	180	190	210	230	254	280	310	345
□B2	200	225	250	260	280	300	324	350	380	415

Installation opening tolerance - 20 mm / + 2 mm



5.4.6 Installation remote from solid walls, use of an installation kit, wall attachment

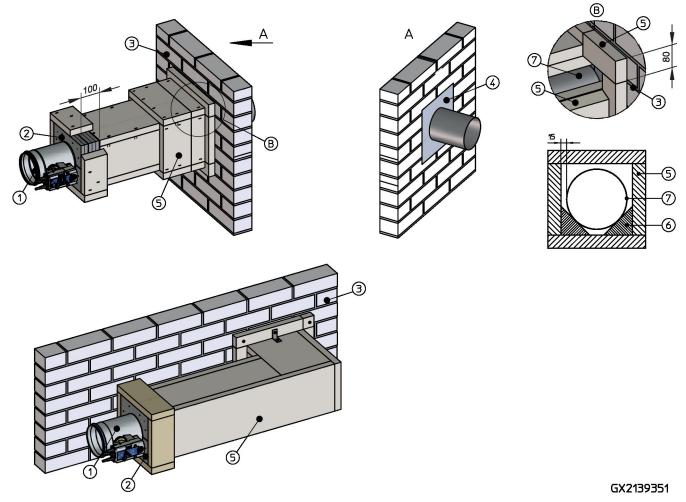
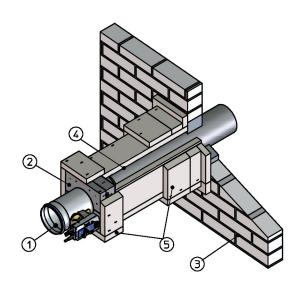


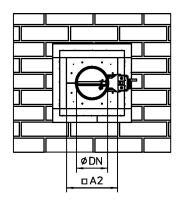
Fig. 13: Installation remote from solid walls, wall attachment

- FKRS-EU 5
 Installation kit WE (factory assembled) 6
- Installation kit WE (factory assembled)Solid wall
- 4 Mortar

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended $\mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\ \ 83.$

- Fire-resistant cladding
- Support (Promat)
- Duct (sheet steel)





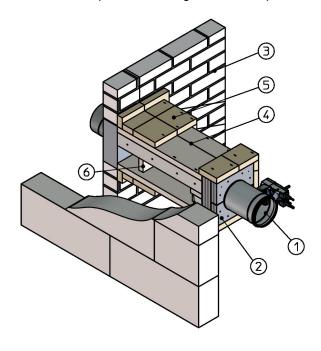
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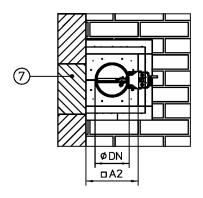
Fig. 14: Installation remote from solid walls, cladding on four sides

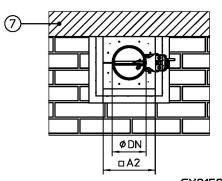
- 1 FKRS-EU2 Installation kit WE (factory assembled)
- 3 Solid wall

- 4 Sheet steel duct with fire-resistant cladding
- 5 Reinforcing board, fire-resistant cladding on four sides
- □A2 = ØDN + 100

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended 🕏 83.







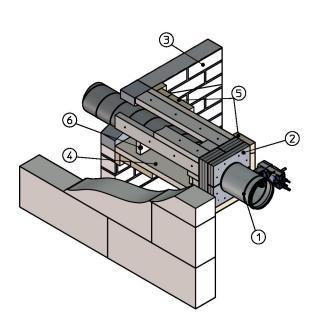
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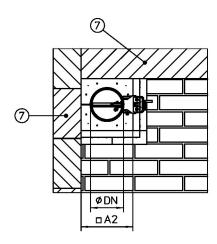
Fig. 15: Installation remote from solid walls, cladding on three sides

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Installation kit WE (factory assembled)
- 3 Solid wall
- 4 Sheet steel duct with fire-resistant cladding
- 5 Reinforcing board, fire-resistant cladding on
 - three sides
- 6 Support
- 7 Solid ceiling slab or solid wall
- \Box A2 = \varnothing DN + 100

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended $\mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\ \mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\ \mbox{\ensuremath$







GX2154630

Fig. 16: Installation remote from solid walls, cladding on two sides

1	FKRS-EU	5	Reinforcing board, fire-resistant cladding on two
2	Installation kit WE (factory assembled)		sides
3	Solid wall	6	Support

Solid wall 6 Suppo

Sheet steel duct with fire-resistant cladding 7 Solid ceiling slab or solid wall

 \Box A2 = \varnothing DN + 100

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended $\mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\ \ 83.$

Personnel:

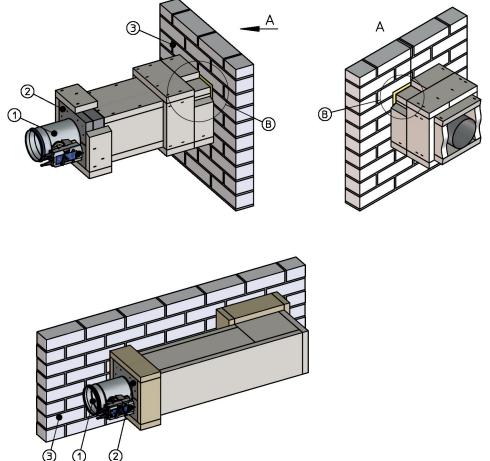
Specialist personnel

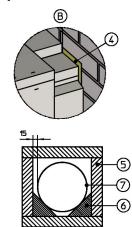
Requirements

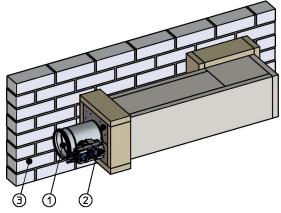
- Performance class up to El 90 S
- Solid walls or fire walls made of, for example, concrete, aerated concrete, masonry, or solid gypsum wallboards according to EN 12859 (without open spaces), gross density ≥ 350 kg/m³ and W ≥ 100 mm
- Sheet steel ducts without any openings, with fire-resistant cladding on two, three or four sides. Acceptable building materials ♦ 18 (Fittings with cladding according to instructions from Promat)
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers. Enough clear space is required for installation.
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)

Note: Other installation details upon request.

5.4.7 Installation remote from solid walls, use of an installation kit, wall penetration







GX2123944

Fig. 17: Installation remote from solid walls, wall penetration

FKRS-EU Fire-resistant cladding Installation kit WE (factory assembled) 2 6 Support (Promat)

Solid wall Duct (sheet steel)

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended $\mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\ \mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\ \mbox{\ensuremath$

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Mineral wool

Requirements

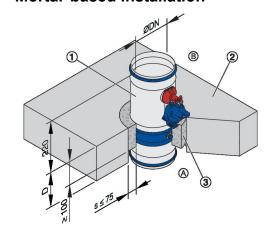
- Performance class up to EI 90 S
- Solid walls or fire walls made of, for example, concrete, aerated concrete, masonry, or solid gypsum wallboards according to EN 12859 (without open spaces), gross density ≥ 350 kg/m³ and W ≥ 100 mm
- Sheet steel ducts without any openings, with fire-resistant cladding on two, three or four sides. Acceptable building materials \$\infty\$ 18 (Fittings with cladding according to instructions from Promat)
- Wall penetration according to instructions from Promat
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers. Enough clear space is required for installation.
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)

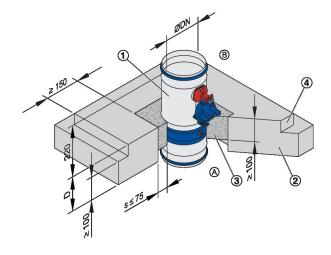
Note: Other installation details upon request.

Solid ceiling slabs > Mortar-based installation

5.5 Solid ceiling slabs

5.5.1 Mortar-based installation





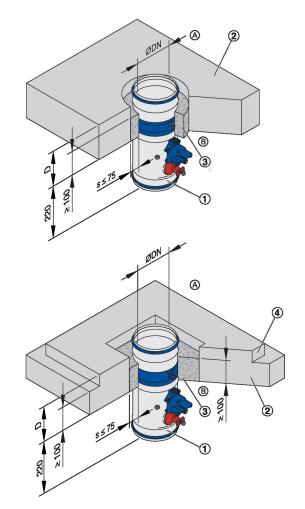


Fig. 18: Mortar-based installation into solid ceiling slab, suspended or upright

- FKRS-EU
- Solid ceiling slab
- 2 Mortar

- Concrete with perimeter reinforcement Installation side
- (A) (B) Operating side

Solid ceiling slabs > Mortar-based installation

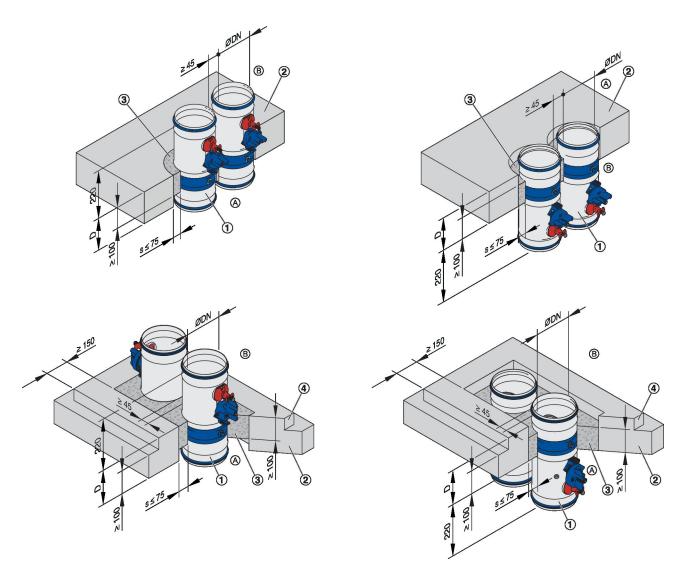


Fig. 19: Mortar-based installation into solid ceiling slab, suspended or upright, two fire dampers side by side

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Solid ceiling slab
- 3 Mortar

- 4 Concrete with perimeter reinforcement
- Installation side
- Operating side

Installation after completing the ceiling slab

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Mortar ♦ 'Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation' on page 17

Requirements

- Performance class up to EI 120 S
- Solid ceiling slabs without open spaces, made of concrete or aerated concrete, gross density ≥ 600 kg/m³ and D ≥ 100 mm (thickness increased to D ≥ 150 mm where required).
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 45 mm distance between two fire dampers. When you install two fire dampers next to each other into the same opening, the mortar bed between the two fire dampers must not exceed 150 mm (reinforcement according to structural requirements).
- **1.** \triangleright Create an installation opening in compliance with the local structural requirements, $\varnothing D = \varnothing DN + 150$ mm max.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the ceiling slab is 220 mm.

If necessary, extend the fire damper with an extension piece or a spiral duct on the installation side.



Solid ceiling slabs > Mortar-based installation

3. Close off the perimeter gap »s« with mortar. The mortar bed depth must be at least 100 mm.

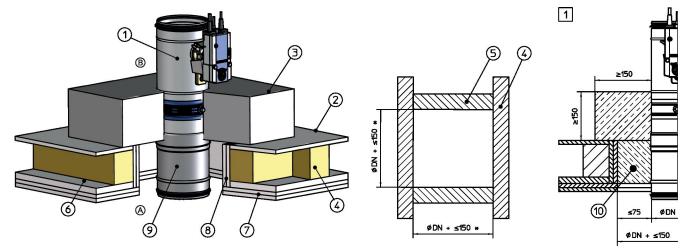
$\stackrel{\circ}{\sqcap}$ Installation while completing the ceiling slab

If the fire damper is installed as the ceiling slab is being completed, the perimeter gap »s« is not required. Note:

Protect the inside of the damper and the control elements/actuator, e.g. with plastic foil.

Solid ceiling slabs > Mortar-based installation into woode...

5.5.2 Mortar-based installation into wooden beam ceilings



TX1871464

Fig. 20: Mortar-based installation into a wooden beam ceiling up to El 90 S, upright installation (shown; other structures upon request)

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Wooden floorboard
- 3 Reinforced concrete
- 4 Wooden beams (distances between beams have to be reduced to fit the size of the installation opening)
- 5 Trimmers (wooden beam)
- 6 Formwork
- 7 Fire-resistant cladding (according to the local structural conditions)
- 8 Trim panels
- 9 Extension piece or duct
- 10 Concrete (optional)
- Can be increased to account for the thickness of the trim panels
- 1 Up to El 90 S
- Installation side
- Operating side

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

Concrete

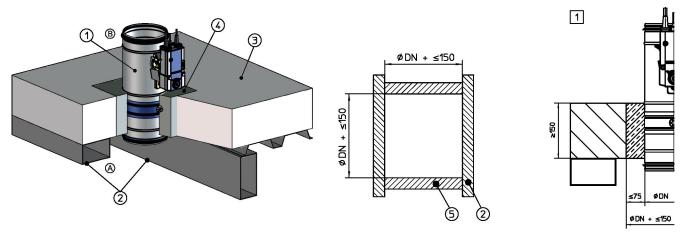
Requirements

- Performance class up to El 90 S
- Wooden beam ceiling with fire-resistant cladding
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 45 mm distance between fire dampers; when you install two fire dampers next to each other into the same opening, the concrete bed between the two fire dampers must not exceed 150 mm.
- 1. ► Create an installation opening, ØDN + 150 mm max. Professionally connect the trimmers.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the spigot on the operating side to the concrete bed is 220 mm.
 - If necessary, extend the fire damper with an extension piece or a spiral duct on the installation side.
- 3. ► Create a partial concrete ceiling around the fire damper, with ≥ 150 mm reinforcement, ≥ 150 mm thick; or install the damper into a concrete ceiling later, with a perimeter mortar infill.
- **4.** Structural and fire resistance properties of the ceiling construction, including the attachment to the concrete, have to be evaluated and ensured by others.



Solid ceiling slabs > Mortar-based installation into light...

5.5.3 Mortar-based installation into lightweight ceilings



1

Steel sections

Up to EI 120 S

Installation side

Operating side

TX1795371

Fig. 21: Mortar-based installation into a lightweight ceiling up to El 120 S, upright installation

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Lightweight ceiling (Cadolto modular ceiling system), installation according to manufacturer's instructions and general appraisal certificate
- 3 Partial concrete ceiling with reinforcement
- 4 Mortar

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Special Materials:

■ Mortar or concrete ∜ 'Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation' on page 17

Requirements

- Performance class up to EI 120 S
- Modular ceiling (Cadolto)
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 45 mm distance between two fire dampers. When you install two fire dampers next to each other into the same opening, the concrete bed between the two fire dampers must not exceed 150 mm.
- 1. ▶ Create an installation opening, ØDN + 150 mm max. Provide and professionally connect the steel sections around the opening in the lightweight ceiling.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the spigot on the operating side to the concrete bed is 220 mm.

Extend the fire damper with an extension piece or a spiral duct on the installation side.

- 3. ► Create a partial concrete ceiling around the fire damper, with ≥ 150 mm reinforcement, ≥ 150 mm thick; or install the damper into a concrete ceiling later, with a perimeter mortar infill.
- **4.** Structural and fire resistance properties of the ceiling construction, including the attachment to the concrete, have to be evaluated and ensured by others.

Solid ceiling slabs > Mortar-based installation into concr...

5.5.4 Mortar-based installation into concrete base

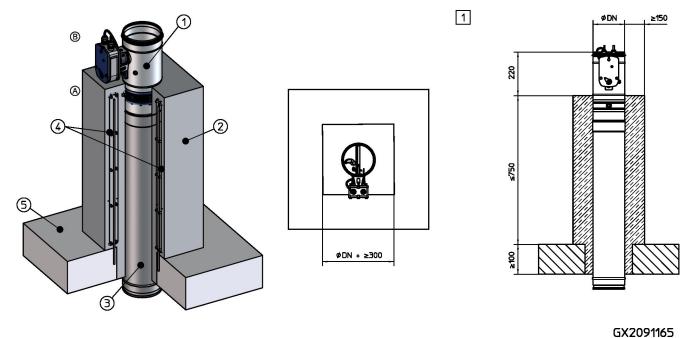


Fig. 22: Mortar-based installation with concrete base into a solid ceiling slab, up to El 120 S

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Reinforced concrete base
- 3 Duct
- 4 Concrete base according to the reinforcement plan, see Fig. 23
- 5 Solid ceiling slab
- 1 Up to EI 120 S
- Installation side
- Operating side

Installation after completing the ceiling slab

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

- Performance class up to El 120 S
- Solid ceiling slabs without open spaces, made of concrete or aerated concrete, gross density ≥ 600 kg/m³ and D ≥ 100 mm
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements.
- ≥ 45 mm distance between two fire dampers
- 1. Attach the new fire damper to the old fire damper
- 2. Create concrete base, for a reinforcement plan see Fig. 23 (or similar, e.g. with steel fabric).

No reinforcement is required for bases with a height of ≤ 100 mm.

If the distance to adjacent solid walls is < 150 mm and if the concrete base has been correctly attached, no reinforcement is required on the wall side.

Solid ceiling slabs > Mortar-based installation into concr...

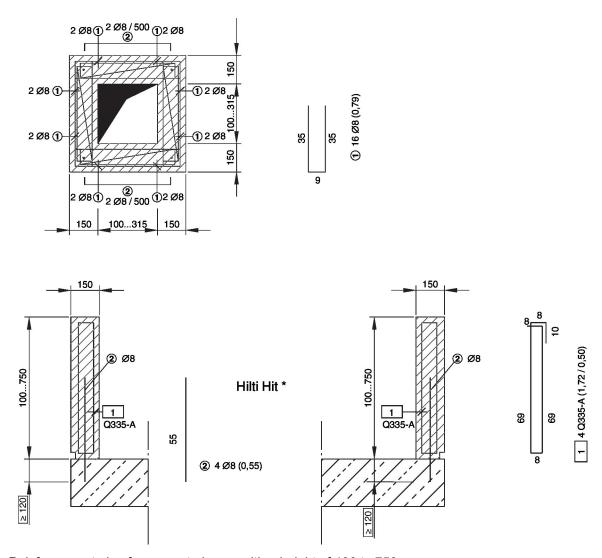


Fig. 23: Reinforcement plan for concrete bases with a height of 100 to 750 mm

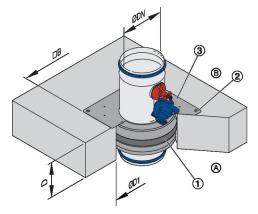
* or equivalent, e.g. steel anchor or theaded rods

Note: Alternative reinforcement plan available upon request.



Solid ceiling slabs > Dry mortarless installation with cir..

5.5.5 Dry mortarless installation with circular installation block ER



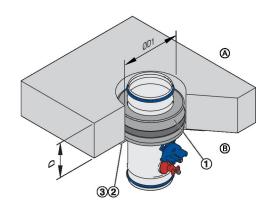


Fig. 24: Dry mortarless installation into solid ceiling slab, suspended or upright

- 1 Installation block (factory mounted)
- 2 Screw fixing
- 3 Cover plate

- ØD1 Installation opening ♥ Table on page 37
- A Installation side
- Operating side

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

- Performance class EI 90 S
- Solid ceiling slabs without open spaces, made of concrete or aerated concrete, gross density ≥ 600 kg/m³ and D ≥ 100 mm (thickness increased to D ≥ 150 mm where required).
- ≥ 75 mm distance between installation block and load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two installation blocks
- 1. ► Create an appropriate opening with ØD1 § Table on page 37
- 2. Position the fire damper with the installation block in the centre of the installation opening and push it in up to the cover plate.
- 3. If necessary, extend the fire damper with an extension piece on the installation side (attachment or provided by others).
- **4.** Fix the cover plate with four threaded rods (push through installation) or with at least four M6 screws. For solid walls and solid ceiling slabs, suitable steel anchors with building inspectorate approval must be used.

Dimensions of installation opening/cover plate [mm]											
Nominal size 100 125 150 160 180 200 224 250 280 3										315	
ØD1	200	250	250	250	300	300	350	350	400	400	
□B 250 300 300 300 350 350 400 400 450 45											

Installation opening tolerance + 2 mm



Solid ceiling slabs > Dry mortarless installation with fir...

5.5.6 Dry mortarless installation with fire batt

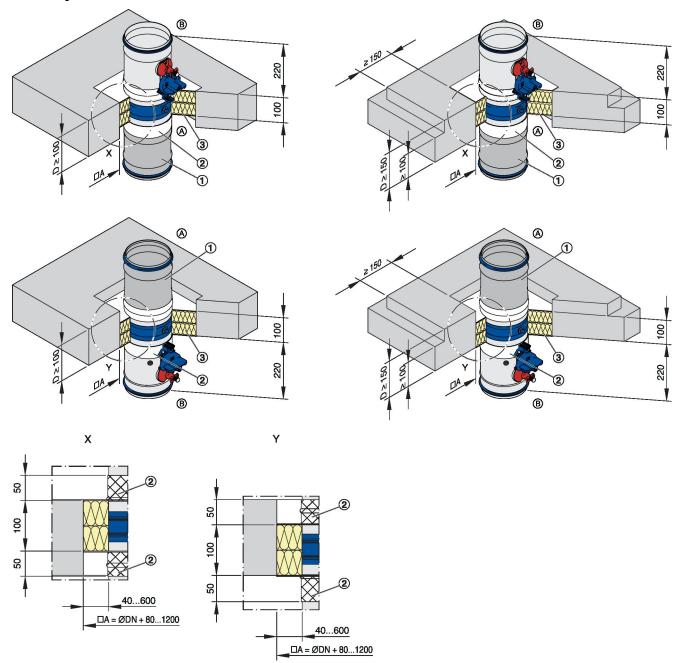


Fig. 25: Installation with fire batt, suspended or upright

- 1 Extension piece (if necessary, either attachment or provided by others
- 2 Coating or sleeves
- 3 Coated mineral wool slabs, ≥ 140 kg/m³
- A Installation side

- Operating side
- X Fire batt, flush with the floor (only for upright installation)
- Y Fire batt, flush with the ceiling (only for suspended installation)



Solid ceiling slabs > Dry mortarless installation with fir...

Performance class and installation details

			Distances	[mm]	Coating or sleeves		
ance class up to	Hilti/	to load- bearing structural elements	between dampers (two installation openings)	between dampers (one installation opening)	Coating	Sleeves	
EI 120 S	Hensel/	100315	≥ 75	≥ 200	_	both sides	two sleeves ¹
EI 90 S	Hilti/ Promat						one sleeve ^{1, 2}

¹⁾ Sleeves are to be ordered separately.

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Fire batt systems ∜ 'Fire batt systems' on page 17

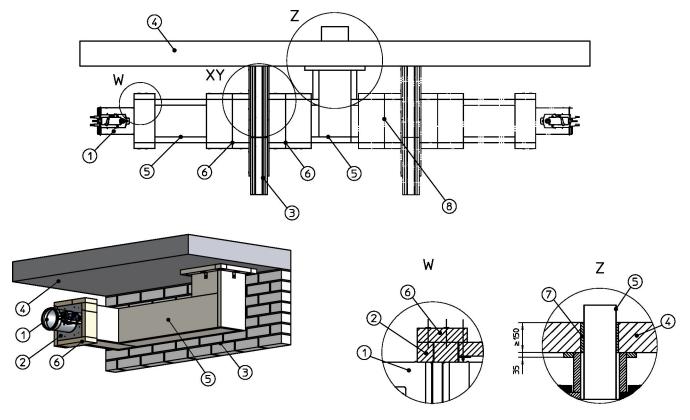
- Performance class up to El 120 S ♦ on page 38
- Solid ceiling slabs without open spaces, made of concrete or aerated concrete, gross density ≥ 600 kg/m³ and D ≥ 100 mm (thickness increased to D ≥ 150 mm where required).
- Duct connection with flexible connectors (recommended)
- 1. An opening is required, see Fig. 25. 600 mm maximum distance between fire damper and installation opening
- 2. ▶ Push the fire damper into the installation opening and suspend it with threaded rods ♦ Chapter 5.10.3.2 'Vertical duct' on page 81.
 - Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the ceiling slab is 220 mm.
- 3. If necessary, extend the fire damper with an extension piece on the installation side (attachment or provided by others).
- **4.** ► Completely close off the perimeter gap between the fire damper and the wall or ceiling slab with two layers of coated mineral wool slabs, ≥ 140 kg/m³. Apply fire-resistant sealant to the cut faces of the mineral wool slabs and fit them tightly into the opening. Seal any gaps between the mineral wool slabs and the trim panels, gaps between the cut faces of cut-to-size pieces, and gaps between slabs and the fire damper by applying fire resistant sealant.
- 5. Apply ablative coating to joints, transitions and any imperfections on the coated mineral wool slabs.
- **6.** You may use sleeves; if you do not use sleeves, you have to apply ablative coating ②, ≥ 2.5 mm thick, to the fire damper casing ∜ *'Performance class and installation details'* on page 39. The actuator and release unit must not be coated.

²⁾ On the operating side



Solid ceiling slabs > Installation remote from solid walls...

5.5.7 Installation remote from solid walls with installation kit WE



TX2165093

Sheet steel duct with fire-resistant cladding

Reinforcing strip with fire-resistant cladding

Mineral wool or mortar

Additional ducting can be used

Fig. 26: Installation remote from solid ceiling slabs, ceiling attachment

- 1 FKRS-FII
- 2 Installation kit WE (factory assembled)
- 3 Solid wall, detail X, see § 29 or lightweight partition wall, detail Y, see § 51
- Solid ceiling slab

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended § 83.

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

- Performance class up to El 90 S
- Solid ceiling slabs without open spaces, made of concrete or aerated concrete, gross density ≥ 600 kg/m³ and D ≥ 150 mm

6

7

8

- Ceiling penetration: Duct with perimeter mortar infill or mineral wool.
- Sheet steel ducts without any openings, with fire-resistant cladding. Acceptable building materials ♦ 18 (Fittings with cladding according to instructions from Promat)
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers. Enough clear space is required for installation.
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)

Note: Other installation details upon request.



Lightweight partition walls with metal...

5.6 Lightweight partition walls with metal support structure

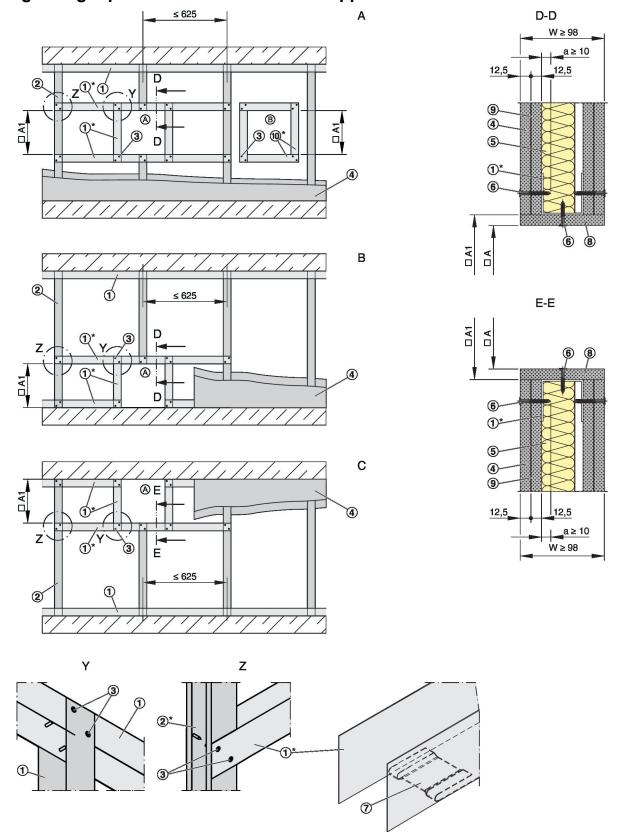


Fig. 27: Lightweight partition wall with metal support structure and cladding on both sides

- A Lightweight partition wall
- B Lightweight partition wall, installation near the floor
- C Lightweight partition wall, installation near the ceiling
- 5 Dry wall screw
- 7 Fold the tab inward or cut it off
- 8 Trim panels, according to installation details



Lightweight partition walls with metal..

1	UW section	9	Sheet steel insert (according to usability certifi-
2	CW section		cate, e.g. for a safety partition wall)
3	Screw or steel rivet	10	Perimeter metal sections, screw-fixed either at
4	Double layer cladding, on both sides of the metal		the corners or through the wall cladding
	stud system	□A	Installation opening
5	Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)	□A1	Opening in the metal support structure (without
			trim panels: □A = □A1)
		*	Closed end must face installation opening

Requirements

- Lightweight partition wall, safety partition wall or wall to provide radiation protection, with metal support structure and cladding on both sides, with European classification to EN 13501-2 or equivalent national classification
- Cladding on both sides made of gypsum bonded or cement bonded panel materials, of fibre-reinforced gypsum or of fire-rated calcium silicate boards, wall thickness W ≥ 98 mm
- ≤ 625 mm distance between metal studs
- Installation only into square openings
- The installation opening must be stabilised with a reinforcing section or with horizontal and vertical sections
- Additional layers of cladding (up to two layers if stated in the usability certificate for the wall) and double stud
 constructions are approved.
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- Trim panels have to be screw-fixed to the support structure

Erecting a wall and creating an installation opening

- Erect the lightweight partition wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening, see Fig. 27
- Option (a): Provide the installation opening in the metal support structure with suitable metal sections.
 - Option ®: After cladding the wall, create a square wall opening and brace it with a perimeter metal section.

Installation opening □A [mm]											
Installation type		Nominal size									
		100	125	150	160	180	200	224	250	280	315
Mortar-based installation ¹			□A = DN + 150 mm max.								
Dry mortarless installation with	□A	210	235	260	270	290	310	334	360	390	425
installation kit TQ ^{1, 2}	□B1	300	325	350	360	380	400	424	450	480	515
Dry mortarless installation with fire batt ³		□A = Ø DN + 801200 mm									
					□A1 =	□ A +	(2 trim p	anels)			

¹⁾ Optional trim panels

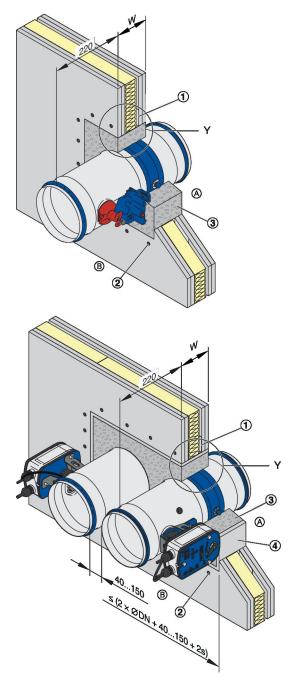
²⁾ Installation opening tolerance + 2 mm

³⁾ Trim panels are required



Lightweight partition walls with metal... > Mortar-based installation

5.6.1 Mortar-based installation



S(2 x 020N + 40...150 + 28)

40...150

(B)

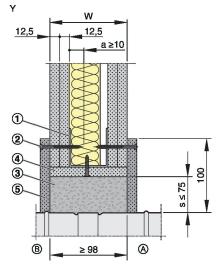


Fig. 28: Mortar-based installation

- 1 Perimeter metal section
- 2 Dry wall screw
- 3 Mortar
- 4 Optional trim panels

- 5 Perimeter reinforcing board, 12.5 mm, required for EI 120 S and ØDN ≥ 224 mm
- A Installation side
- B Operating side

For details on the installation into walls of different thickness see Fig. 29



Lightweight partition walls with metal... > Mortar-based installation

Performance class and installation details

Performance	Size ØDN	Distances [mm]									
class up to	[mm]	to load-bearing structural ele- ments	between two fire dampers (two installation openings)	between two fire dampers (one installa- tion opening – flange to flange)							
EI 120 S	100200	≥ 75	≥ 200	-							
EI 120 S	224315 ¹	≥ 75	≥ 200	-							
EI 90 S	100315	≥ 40	≥ 200	40150							
EI 30 S	100315	≥ 40	≥ 200	40150							

¹⁾ reinforcing board ⑤ required

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Mortar ♦ 'Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation' on page 17

- Performance class up to El 120 S 🖔 'Performance class and installation details ' on page 44
- Lightweight partition walls with metal support structure or steel support structure and cladding on both sides,
 W ≥ 98 mm, detailed specification ♥ on page 41.
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- 'Flange-to-flange' installation of two FKRS-EU fire dampers into one installation opening is only possible if both dampers are of the same size (details for other installations are available upon request)
- **1.** ► Erect a lightweight partition wall according to the manufacturer's instructions: EI 120 S with mineral wool; EI 30 S to EI 90 S with or without mineral wool; create an installation opening *⇔* on page 41.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the wall is 220 mm.
 - If the wall thickness is > 115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct (attachment or provided by others).
- **3.** ► Close off the perimeter gap »s« with mortar.
- 4. Fix the reinforcing board or strips, if any.

Lightweight partition walls with metal... > Mortar-based installation

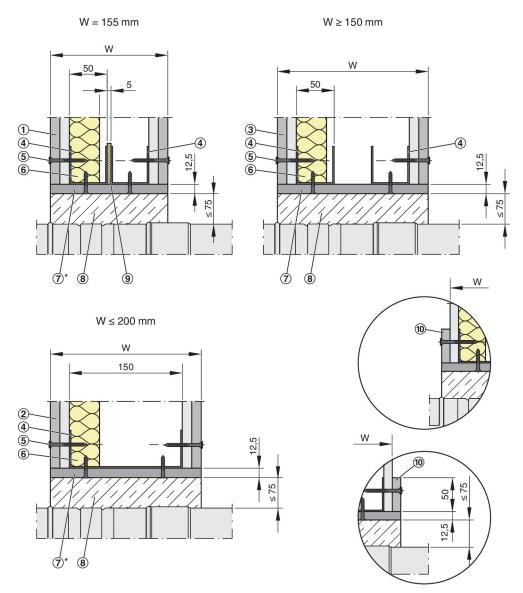


Fig. 29: Mortar-based installation into lightweight partition walls, W ≥ 150 mm

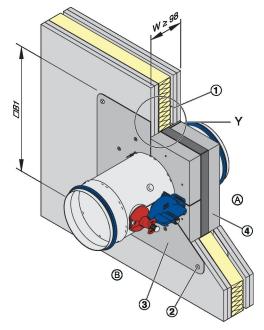
- 1 F90 wall, double stud system, W = 155 mm (W = 155 mm shown)
- 2 F90 wall, single stud system, W ≤ 200 mm (W = 200 mm shown)
- 3 F90 wall, double stud system, W ≥ 150 mm (W = 200 mm shown)
- 4 Perimeter metal section
- 5 Dry wall screw
- 6 Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)

Installation details for other wall types are available on request

- Trim panels, screw-fixed to stud system
- 8 Mortar or gypsum mortar
- 9 Insulating strip (depending on wall construction)
- 10 Perimeter reinforcing strips, 12.5 × 50 mm, only required for F30 wall
- * optional



5.6.2 Dry mortarless installation with square installation kit TQ



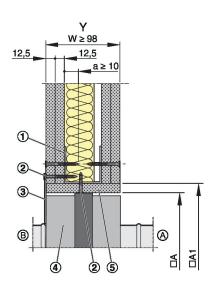


Fig. 30: Dry mortarless installation with square installation kit TQ

- 1 Perimeter metal section
- 2 Dry wall screw
- 3 Cover plate
- 4 Installation kit TQ (factory assembled)
- 5 Optional trim panels for W ≥ 98 mm (12.5 mm max. thickness)
- A Installation side
- B Operating side

For details on the installation into walls of different thickness see Fig. 31

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

- Performance class El 90 S
- Lightweight partition walls with metal support structure or steel support structure and cladding on both sides,
 W ≥ 98 mm, detailed specification ♥ on page 41.
- 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements (≥ 50 mm if the cover plate has been shortened)
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- 1. ▶ Erect the lightweight partition wall, EI 90 S, with mineral wool, according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening ∜ on page 41.
- 2. Position the fire damper with the square installation kit in the centre of the installation opening and push it in up to the cover plate.
 - If the wall thickness is >115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct.
- 3. ► Fix the cover plate with at least four screws (dry wall screws Ø ≥ 4.2 mm, a ≥ 10 mm) to the perimeter metal section.
- **4.** ► If the wall thickness is ≥ 125 mm, fill the rear gap with mineral wool or gypsum mortar and seal it with reinforcing strips made of the same material as the wall Fig. 31.

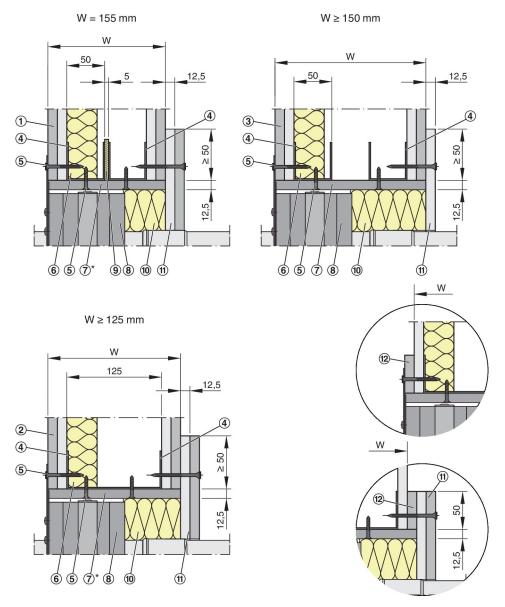


Fig. 31: Dry mortarless installation into lightweight partition walls, W ≥ 125 mm

- 1 Double stud system, W = 155 mm (W = 155 mm shown)
- 2 Single stud system, W ≥ 125 mm (W = 175 mm shown)
- 3 Double stud system, W ≥ 150 mm (W = 200 mm shown)
- 4 Perimeter metal sections
- 5 Dry wall screw
- 6 Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- 7 Trim panels

- 8 Installation kit (factory assembled)
- 9 Insulating strip (depending on wall construction)
- 10 Infill (mineral wool A1 ≥ 50 kg/m³ or gypsum mortar)
- 11 Reinforcing board, made of wall panels, up to the fire damper casing
- 12 Perimeter reinforcing strips, 12.5 × 50 mm, only required for F30 wall
- * optional



5.6.3 Dry mortarless installation with fire batt

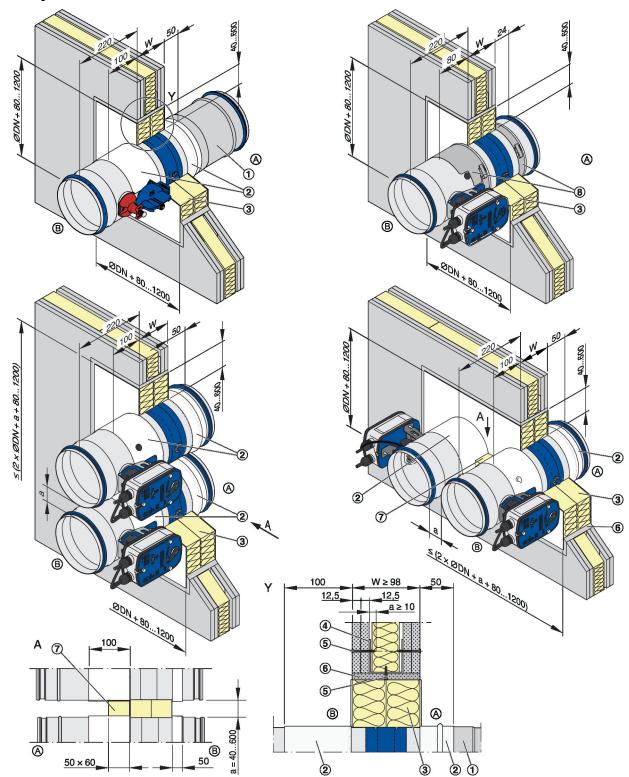


Fig. 32: Dry mortarless installation with fire batt

- 1 Extension piece (if required)
- 2 Ablative coating
- 3 Coated mineral wool slabs, ≥ 140 kg/m³
- 4 Perimeter metal section
- 5 Dry wall screw (for cladding)

- 6 Trim panels
- 7 Mineral wool strips, $50 \times 60 \times \emptyset DN/2$, $\ge 80 \text{ kg/m}^3$ (only when distance a $\le 50 \text{ mm}$)
- Sleeve (either one sleeve on the operating side only, or one sleeve each on the operating side and on the installation side)
- A Installation side
- Operating side



Note: Each fire damper has to be suspended both on the operating side and on the installation side $\mbox{\em \lozenge}$ 80.

Performance class and installation details

		Size ØDN	Distances	[mm]	Coating or sleeves		
ance class up to	system	[mm]	to load- bearing structural elements	between dampers (two installation openings)	between dampers (one installation opening)	Coating	Sleeves
EI 120 S	Hensel/	100200	≥ 40	≥ 200	_	both sides	one sleeve ^{1, 2}
EI 120 S	Promat	Hilti/ Promat 100315 ≥ 40	_	both sides	two sleeves ¹		
EI 90 S		100315	≥ 40		a = 40600	both sides	one sleeve ^{1, 2}
EI 60 S		100315	≥ 40		a = 40600	_	-

¹⁾ Sleeves are to be ordered separately.

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Fire batt systems ∜ 'Fire batt systems' on page 17

- Performance class up to El 120 S § 'Performance class and installation details' on page 49
- Lightweight partition walls with metal support structure and cladding on both sides, W ≥ 98 mm; detailed specification on page 41.
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- 'Flange-to-flange' installation of two FKRS-EU fire dampers into one installation opening is only possible if both dampers are of the same size (details for other installations are available upon request)
- Erect a lightweight partition wall according to the manufacturer's instructions: El 120 S with mineral wool; El 90 S with or without mineral wool; create an installation opening \$\phi\$ 41. 40...600 mm between fire damper and wall opening
- 2. ▶ Push the fire damper into the installation opening and suspend it both on the operating side and on the installation side ♥ 80.
- 3. If necessary, extend the fire damper with an extension piece on the installation side (attachment or provided by others).
- **4.** ► Completely close off the perimeter gap between the fire damper and the wall or ceiling slab with two layers of coated mineral wool slabs, ≥ 140 kg/m³. Apply fire-resistant sealant to the cut faces of the mineral wool slabs and fit them tightly into the opening. Seal any gaps between the mineral wool slabs and the installation opening, gaps between the cut faces of cut-to-size pieces, and gaps between slabs and the fire damper by applying fire-resistant sealant.
- **5.** ▶ Apply ablative coating to joints, transitions and any imperfections on the coated mineral wool slabs. Attach the mineral wool strip ⑦, if necessary.
- **6.** You may use sleeves; if you do not use sleeves, you have to apply ablative coating ②, ≥ 2.5 mm thick, to the fire damper casing ∜ *'Performance class and installation details'* on page 49. The actuator and release unit must not be coated.

²⁾ On the operating side

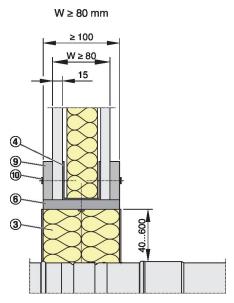


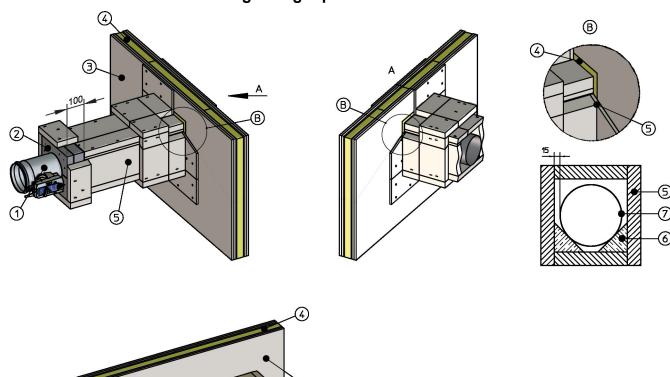
Fig. 33: Lightweight partition walls, dry mortarless installation with fire batt, El 60 S

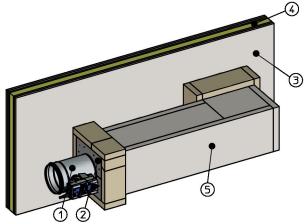
- 3 Fire batt with ablative coating
- 4 Perimeter metal section
- 6 Trim panels (screw-fixed to the metal support structure)
- 9 Reinforcing board
- 10 Dry wall screw

Installation details for other wall types are available on request



5.6.4 Installation remote from lightweight partition walls with installation kit WE





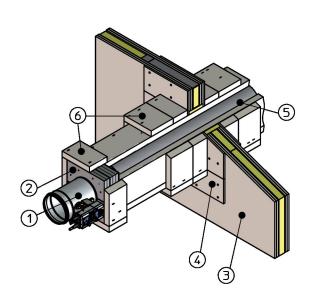
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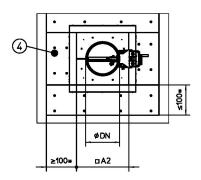
Fig. 34: Installation remote from lightweight partition walls, wall penetration

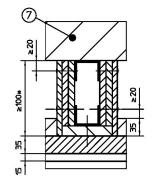
- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Installation kit WE (factory assembled)
- 3 Lightweight partition wall
- 4 Mineral wool

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended \$ 83.

- 5 Fire-resistant cladding
- 6 Support (Promat)
- 7 Duct (sheet steel)







GX2152076

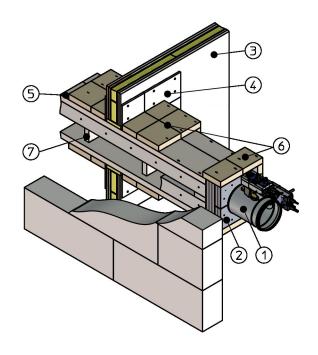
Fig. 35: Installation remote from lightweight partition walls, wall penetration, cladding on four sides

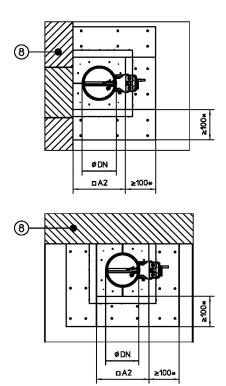
- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Installation kit WE (factory assembled)
- 3 Lightweight partition wall
- Reinforcing board with fire-resistant cladding,
 d = 10 mm
- 5 Sheet steel duct with fire-resistant cladding

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended $\mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\ \ 83.$

- Reinforcing board, fire-resistant cladding on four sides
- 7 Solid wall, if any
- □A2 = ØDN + 100
 - Reinforcing board ≥ 100 mm to be fixed to two studs; from 200 mm to be fixed to one stud.







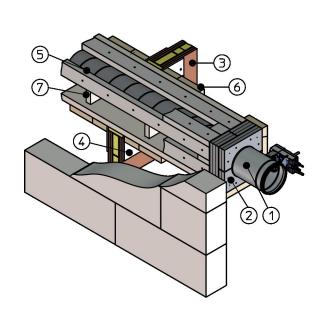
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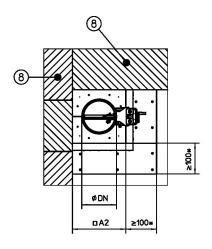
Fig. 36: Installation remote from lightweight partition walls, wall penetration, cladding on three sides

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Installation kit WE (factory assembled)
- 3 Lightweight partition wall
- 4 Reinforcing board with fire-resistant cladding, d = 10 mm
- 5 Sheet steel duct with fire-resistant cladding
- 6 Reinforcing board, fire-resistant cladding on three sides
- 7 Support
- 8 Solid ceiling slab or solid wall
- \Box A2 = \varnothing DN + 100
- * Reinforcing board ≥ 100 mm to be fixed to two studs; from 200 mm to be fixed to one stud.

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended § 83.







GX2161716

Fig. 37: Installation remote from lightweight partition walls, wall penetration, cladding on two sides

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Installation kit WE (factory assembled)
- 3 Lightweight partition wall
- Reinforcing board with fire-resistant cladding,
 d = 10 mm
- 5 Sheet steel duct with fire-resistant cladding
- 6 Reinforcing board, fire-resistant cladding on two sides
- 7 Support
- 8 Solid ceiling slab or solid wall
- \Box A2 = \varnothing DN + 100
 - Reinforcing board ≥ 100 mm to be fixed to two studs; from 200 mm to be fixed to one stud.

Note: Fire damper and ducting must be suspended $\mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\ \ 83.$

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

- Performance class up to El 90 S
- Lightweight partition wall, safety partition wall or wall to provide radiation protection, with metal support structure and cladding on both sides, with European classification to EN 13501-2 or equivalent national classification, W ≥ 98 mm
- Sheet steel ducts without any openings, with fire-resistant cladding. Acceptable building materials § 18 (Fittings with cladding according to instructions from Promat)
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers. Enough clear space is required for installation.

Note: Other installation details upon request.



5.6.5 Dry mortarless installation with installation kit GL

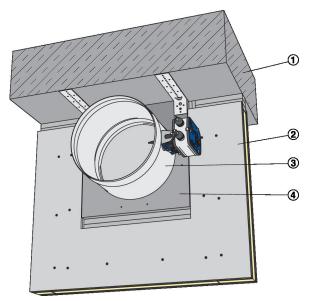


Fig. 38: Installation into lightweight partition wall with flexible ceiling joint, using installation kit GL

- 1 Solid ceiling slab
- 2 Lightweight partition wall or fire wall
- 3 FKRS-EU
- 4 Installation kit GL (factory assembled)

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

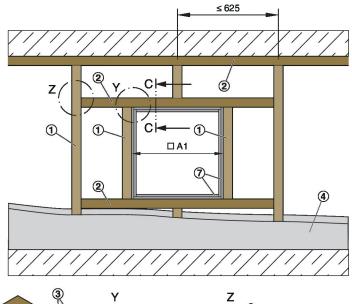
- Performance classes up to EI 90 S with or without mineral wool
- Lightweight partition walls or fire walls with metal support structure and cladding on both sides, W ≥ 100 mm, detailed specification ♥ on page 41.
- Wall thickness W = 100 235 mm
- 50 230 mm distance to the ceiling slab
- ≥ 50 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two installation kits
- Subsidence of the ceiling slab a ≤ 40 mm

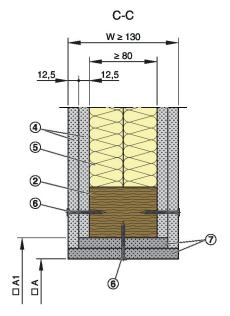
For installation, follow the supplied installation manual.



Lightweight partition walls with timbe...

Lightweight partition walls with timber support structure





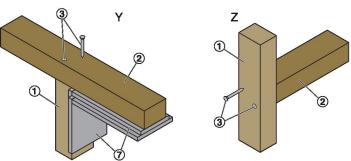
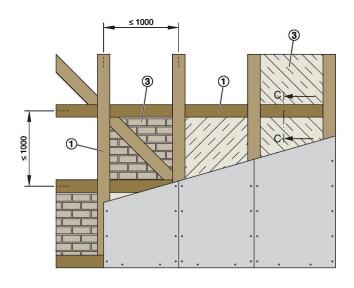


Fig. 39: Lightweight partition wall with timber support structure and cladding on one side

- Timber stud, at least 60 × 80 mm
- 2 Horizontal timber section, at least 60 × 80 mm
- 3 Screw or pin
- 4 Double layer cladding on both sides of the timber support structure
- 5 Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- 6 7 Trim panels, double layer, staggered joints
- $\Box A$ Clear installation opening
- □A1 Opening in the timber support structure,
 - $\Box A1 = \Box A + (4 \text{ trim panels})A$



Lightweight partition walls with timbe...



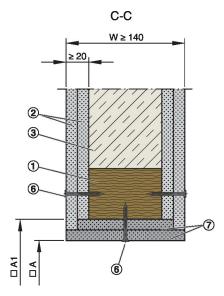


Fig. 40: Lightweight partition wall, half-timbered construction with cladding on both sides

- 1 Half-timbered construction
- 2 Double layer cladding, on both sides of the half-timbered construction
- 3 Infilling*
- 6 Screw

- Trim panels, double layer, staggered joints
 Cavities completely filled with mineral wool
 ≥ 50 kg/m³, bricks, aerated concrete, lightweight concrete, reinforced concrete or clay
- □A Clear installation opening
- \square A1 Opening in the half-timbered construction, \square A1 = \square A + (4 trim panels)

Requirements

- Lightweight partition walls, either timber stud walls or half-timbered constructions, with cladding on both sides, with European classification to EN 13501-2 or equivalent national classification
- Cladding on both sides made of gypsum bonded or cement bonded panel materials, of fibre-reinforced gypsum or of fire-rated calcium silicate boards, wall thickness W ≥ 130 mm; for half-timbered constructions: wall thickness W ≥ 140 mm
- ≤ 625 mm distance between timber studs; half-timbered construction after the wall has been erected.
- Additional layers of cladding (up to two layers if stated in the usability certificate for the wall) and double stud
 constructions (details on request) are approved.
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- Trim panels and reinforcing boards have to be made of cladding material and have to be fixed to the frame.

Erecting a wall and creating an installation opening

- Erect the timber stud wall according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Create an installation opening in the timber support structure with timber studs ①, horizontal timber sections ② and trim panels ⑦; or create an installation opening in the half-timbered construction ① with trim panels ⑦, see Fig. 39 or Fig. 40.

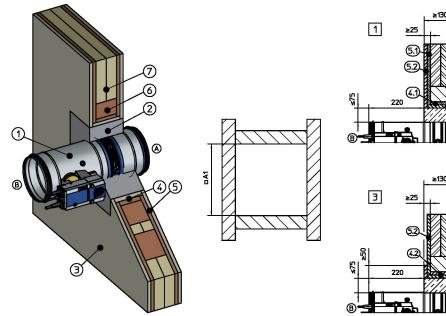
Installation opening □A [mm]												
Installation type			Nominal size									
		100	125	150	160	180	200	224	250	280	315	
Mortar-based installation		□A = DN + 150 mm max.										
Dry mortarless installation with	□A	210	235	260	270	290	310	334	360	390	425	
installation kit TQ ¹	□B1	300	325	350	360	380	400	424	450	480	515	
Dry mortarless installation with fire batt		□A = Ø DN + 801200 mm										

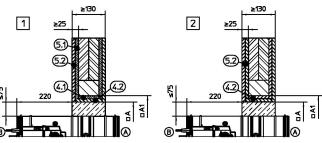
¹⁾ Installation opening tolerance + 2 mm



Lightweight partition walls with timbe... > Mortar-based installation

5.7.1 Mortar-based installation





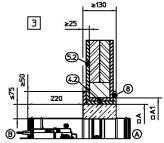
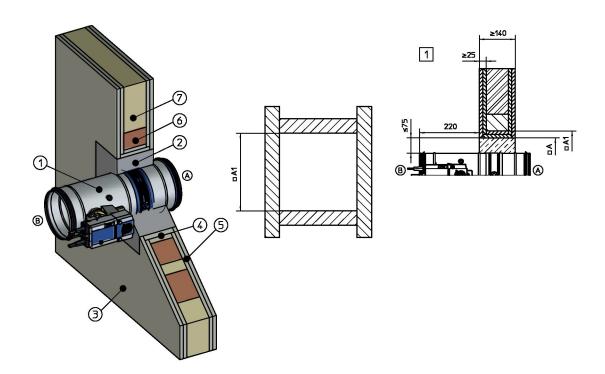


Fig. 41: Mortar-based installation into a lightweight partition wall with timber support structure

- 1 **FKRS-EU**
- 2 3 4 Mortar
- Timber stud wall
- Trim panels
- 4.1 Trim panels, wood sheet, at least 600 kg/m³
- 4.2 Trim panels (fire-resistant)
- Wall cladding
- 5.1 Wall cladding, wood sheet, at least 600 kg/m³
- Wall cladding (fire-resistant) 5.2

- 6 Horizontal timber section / stud, at least 60 x 80 mm
- Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- Reinforcing board 8
- El 30 S (timber panel constructions and timber 1 frames)
- 2 3 (A) Up to Él 120 S
- Eİ 30 S
- Installation side
- Operating side

Lightweight partition walls with timbe... > Mortar-based installation



GR2056734

Fig. 42: Mortar-based installation into a lightweight partition wall, half-timbered construction

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Mortar
- 3 Half-timbered wall
- 4 Trim panels (fire-resistant), 2 layers
- 5 Wall cladding (fire-resistant), 1 layer or 2 layers
- 6 Half-timbered construction

- 7 Infilling*
- * Cavities completely filled with mineral wool ≥ 50 kg/m³, bricks, aerated concrete, lightweight concrete, reinforced concrete or clay
- 1 EI 90 S
- Installation side
- B Operating side

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Mortar ♦ 'Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation' on page 17

- Performance class up to El 120 S
- Lightweight partition walls with timber support structure and cladding on both sides, W ≥ 130 mm; half-timbered construction W ≥ 140 mm; other specifications ∜ on page 56.
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- Fire dampers to be installed in individual installation openings. ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers (up to El 120 S).
- Installation of two fire dampers into the same opening. ≥ 40 mm distance between the two fire dampers (up to EI 90 S). The mortar bed between the two fire dampers must not exceed 150 mm.
- 'Flange-to-flange' installation of two FKRS-EU fire dampers into one installation opening is only possible if both dampers are of the same size (details for other installations are available upon request)
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- 1. Frect the lightweight partition wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening \$\infty\$ on page 56.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the wall is 220 mm.
 - Extend the fire damper with an extension piece or a spiral duct on the installation side.
- 3. Close off the perimeter gap »s« with mortar.



5.7.2 Dry mortarless installation with square installation kit TQ

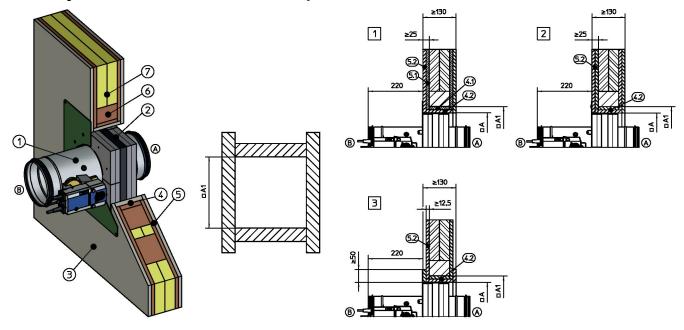
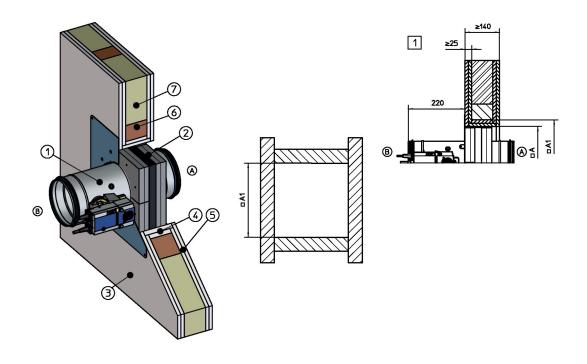


Fig. 43: Dry mortarless installation into a lightweight partition wall with timber support structure using installation kit TQ

- **FKRS-EU**
- 2 Installation kit TQ (factory assembled)
- Timber stud wall
- 3 4 Trim panels
- 4.1 Trim panels, wood sheet, at least 600 kg/m³
- Trim panels (fire-resistant) 4.2
- 5 Wall cladding
- 5.1 Wall cladding, wood sheet, at least 600 kg/m³
- 5.2 Wall cladding (fire-resistant)
- Horizontal timber section / stud, at least 6 60 x 80 mm
- Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- El 30 S (timber panel constructions and timber 1 frames)
- 2 3 (A) Up to Él 120 S
- Eİ 30 S
- Installation side
- Operating side





GR2055142

Fig. 44: Dry mortarless installation into a lightweight partition wall, half-timbered construction, using installation kit TQ

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Installation kit TQ (factory assembled)
- 3 Half-timbered wall
- 4 Trim panels (fire-resistant), double layer, staggered joints
- 5 Wall cladding (fire-resistant), 1 layer or 2 layers
- 6 Half-timbered construction

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

- Performance class up to El 120 S
- Lightweight partition walls with timber support structure and cladding on both sides, W ≥ 130 mm; half-timbered construction W ≥ 140 mm; other specifications ♦ on page 56.
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements (≥ 50 mm if the cover plate has been shortened)
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- 1. Frect the lightweight partition wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening \$\infty\$ on page 56.
- 2. Position the fire damper with the square installation kit in the centre of the installation opening and push it in up to the cover plate.
- 3. ► Fix the cover plate with at least four screws (dry wall screws Ø ≥ 4.2 mm, a ≥ 10 mm) to the timber support structure.

- * Cavities completely filled with mineral wool ≥ 50 kg/m³, bricks, aerated concrete, lightweight concrete, reinforced concrete or clay
- 1 EI 90 S
- Installation side
- Operating side



5.7.3 Dry mortarless installation with fire batt

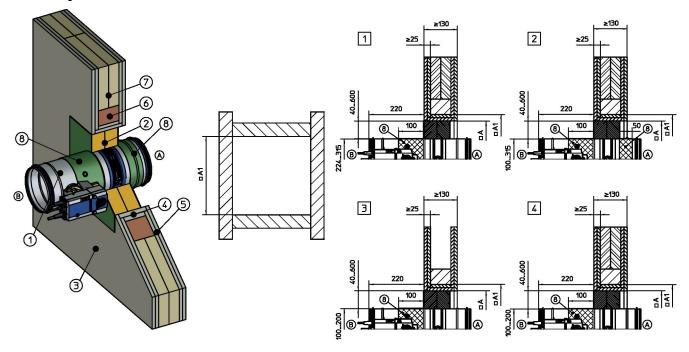


Fig. 45: Dry mortarless installation into a lightweight partition wall with timber support structure, use of a fire batt

- **FKRS-EU**
- Fire batt with ablative coating
- 2 3 4 Timber stud wall
- Trim panels (fire-resistant)
- 5 Wall cladding (fire-resistant)
- 6 7 Horizontal timber section / stud, at least 60 x 80 mm
- Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- Ablative coating, at least 2.5 mm
- EI 90 S
- EI 120 S
- EI 90 S
- 1 2 3 4 Up to EI 120 S
- Installation side
- Operating side

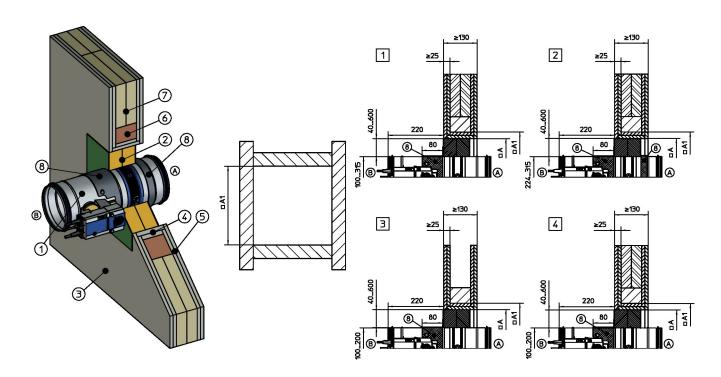


Fig. 46: Dry mortarless installation into a lightweight partition wall with timber support structure, use of a fire batt

- FKRS-EU
- 2 Fire batt with ablative coating
- Timber stud wall
- Trim panels (fire-resistant)
- Wall cladding (fire-resistant)
- Horizontal timber section / stud, at least 60 x 80 mm
- Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- Sleeve, galvanised steel with Kerafix-2000
- EI 90 S
- 1 2 3 4 A EI 120 S
- EI 90 S
- EI 120 S
- Installation side
- Operating side



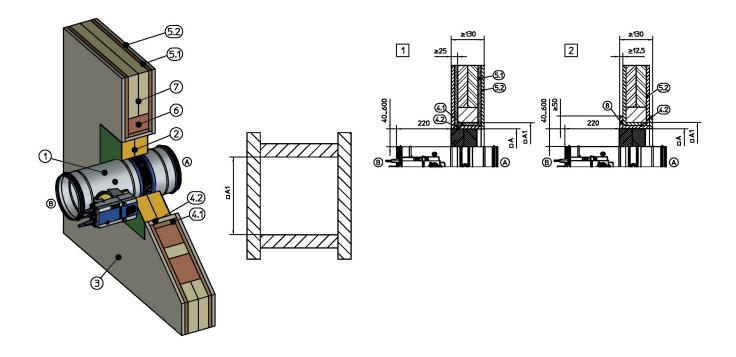
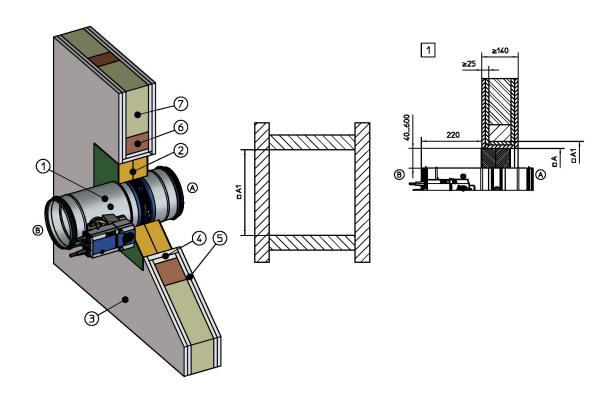


Fig. 47: Dry mortarless installation into a lightweight partition wall with timber support structure, use of a fire batt

- FKRS-EU
- Fire batt with ablative coating
- 2 Timber stud wall
- 4.1 Trim panels, wood sheet, at least 600 kg/m³
- Trim panels (fire-resistant) 4.2
- 5.1 Wall cladding, wood sheet, at least 600 kg/m³
- 5.2 Wall cladding (fire-resistant)

- Horizontal timber section / stud, at least 60 x 80 mm
- Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- 8 Reinforcing board
- 1 2 (A) EI 30 S
- EI 30 S
- Installation side
- Operating side



GR2055911

Fig. 48: Dry mortarless installation into a lightweight partition wall, half-timbered construction, use of a fire batt

- 1 FKRS-EU
- 2 Fire batt with ablative coating
- 3 Half-timbered wall
- 4 Trim panels (fire-resistant), 2 layers
- 5 Wall cladding (fire-resistant), 1 layer or 2 layers
- 6 Half-timbered construction

- 7 Infilling*
- * Cavities completely filled with mineral wool ≥ 50 kg/m³, bricks, aerated concrete, lightweight concrete, reinforced concrete or clay
- 1 EI 90 S
- Installation side
- Operating side

Performance class and installation details

Perform-			Distances [[mm]	Coating or sleeves		
ance class up to	system	[mm]	to load- bearing structural elements	between dampers (two installation openings)	between dampers (one installation opening)	Coating	Sleeves
EI 120 S	Hensel/	100200	≥ 40	≥ 200	_	one side	one sleeve ^{1, 2}
EI 120 S	Hilti/ Promat 100315 ≥ 40 100315 ≥ 40 100315 ≥ 40		_	both sides	two sleeves ¹		
EI 90 S		100315	≥ 40		a = 40600	one side	one sleeve ^{1, 2}
EI 30 S		100315	≥ 40		a = 40600	_	_

¹⁾ Sleeves are to be ordered separately.

Personnel:

²⁾ On the operating side



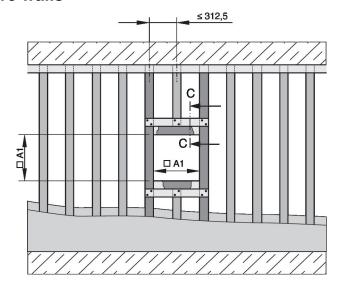
Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Fire batt systems ♦ 'Fire batt systems' on page 17

- Performance class up to El 120 S & 'Performance class and installation details' on page 65
- Lightweight partition walls with timber support structure and cladding on both sides, W ≥ 130 mm; half-timbered construction W ≥ 140 mm; other specifications ♦ on page 56.
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- 'Flange-to-flange' installation of two FKRS-EU fire dampers into one installation opening is only possible if both dampers are of the same size (details for other installations are available upon request).
- **1.** ▶ Erect the lightweight partition wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening ♥ on page 56.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and suspend it with threaded rods § 83. Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the wall is 220 mm.
- 3. ▶ Completely close off the perimeter gap between the fire damper and the wall or ceiling slab with two layers of coated mineral wool slabs, ≥ 140 kg/m³. Apply fire-resistant sealant to the cut faces of the mineral wool slabs and fit them tightly into the opening. Seal any gaps between the mineral wool slabs and the installation opening, gaps between the cut faces of cut-to-size pieces, and gaps between slabs and the fire damper by applying fire-resistant sealant.
- **4.** Apply ablative coating to joints, transitions and any imperfections on the coated mineral wool slabs.
- **5.** You may use sleeves; if you do not use sleeves, you have to apply ablative coating, ≥ 2.5 mm thick, to the fire damper casing. ♦ 'Performance class and installation details' on page 65. The actuator and release unit must not be coated.

5.8 Fire walls



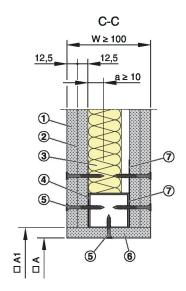


Fig. 49: Fire wall

- Double layer cladding, on both sides of the metal stud system
- Sheet steel insert
- 3 Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- 4 **UA** section
- Dry wall screw

- Optional trim panels
- **UW** section $\Box A$
 - Installation opening
 - Opening in the metal support structure (without trim panels: □A = □A1) ♦ 'Metal stud

system' on page 68

For more details on the metal support structure, see Fig. 50, Fig. 51

Requirements

Fire walls with a metal support structure and cladding on both sides, with European classification to EN 13501-2 or equivalent national national classification

□A1

- Cladding on both sides made of gypsum bonded or cement bonded panel materials, of fibre-reinforced gypsum or of fire-rated calcium silicate boards, wall thickness W ≥ 100 mm
- Additional steel inserts, additional layers of cladding (up to two layers if stated in the usability certificate for the wall) and double stud constructions are approved
- ≤ 312.5 mm distance between metal studs
- Installation only into square openings
- Wall construction according to the manufacturer's instructions
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- Trim panels have to be screw-fixed to the support structure

Installation opening □A [mm]											
Installation type		Nominal size									
		100	125	150	160	180	200	224	250	280	315
Mortar-based installation ¹			$\Box A = \emptyset$ DN + 150 mm max.								
Dry mortarless installation with	□A	210	235	260	270	290	310	334	360	390	425
square installation kit TQ ^{1, 2}					□A1 =	□A + (2 trim p	anels)			
	□B1	300	325	350	360	380	400	424	450	480	515

¹⁾ Optional trim panels

²⁾ Installation opening tolerance + 2 mm

Metal stud system

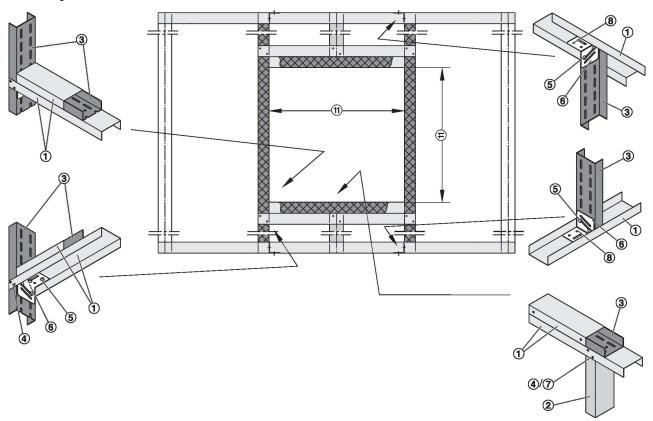


Fig. 50: Single stud system

- **UW** section
- 2 3 4 5 6 CW section
- **UA** section
- Dry wall screw TB
- Carriage bolt, L ≤ 50 mm, with nut and washer
- Bracket

- 7 Steel rivet Ø 4 mm
- 8 2 × screw, Ø 6 mm, with anchor or hammer-in
- Dry wall screw Ø 3.9 × 35 mm

 UA connecting bracket; construction elements according to manufacturer's instructions

 Installation opening depending on installation type 10
- 11 ♦ on page 67

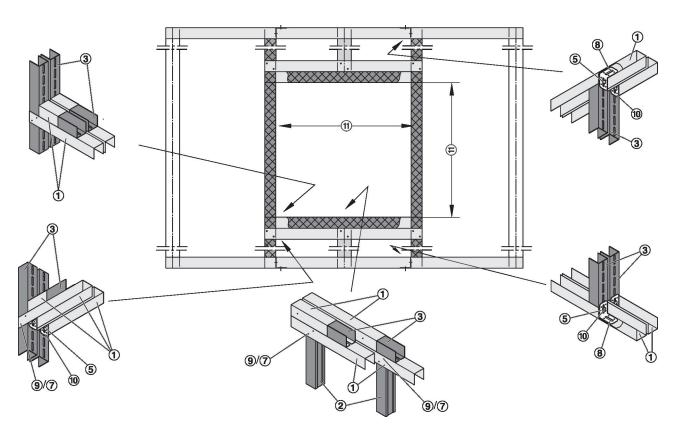


Fig. 51: Double stud system

- **UW** section
- CW section
- **UA** section
- Dry wall screw TB
- 2 3 4 5 6 Carriage bolt, L ≤ 50 mm, with nut and washer
- Bracket

- Steel rivet \emptyset 4 mm 2 × screw, \emptyset 6 mm, with anchor or hammer-in 8
- 9
- Dry wall screw Ø 3.9 × 35 mm
 UA connecting bracket; construction elements 10 according to manufacturer's instructions
- 11 Installation opening depending on installation type ♦ on page 67

Fire walls > Mortar-based installation

5.8.1 Mortar-based installation

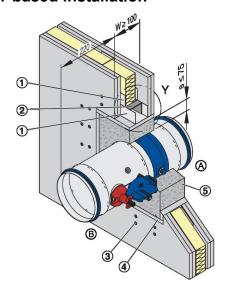


Fig. 52: Mortar-based installation

- 1 UW section, perimeter
- 2 UA section, perimeter
- 3 Dry wall screw
- 4 Optional trim panels
- 5 Mortar

- Installation side
- B Operating side
- □A Installation opening
- □A1 Opening in the metal support structure (without trim panels: □A = □A1)
- s ≤ 75 mm

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

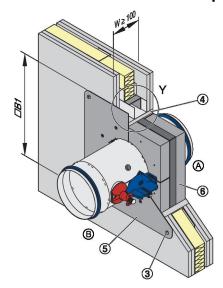
Materials:

■ Mortar ♦ 'Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation' on page 17

- Performance class up to El 90 S
- Fire walls with metal support structure and cladding on both sides, W ≥ 100 mm; detailed specification on page 67.
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- **1.** Erect the fire wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening ϕ on page 67.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the wall is 220 mm.
 - If the wall thickness is > 115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct (attachment or provided by others).
- 3. Close off the perimeter gap »s« with mortar.

Fire walls > Dry mortarless installation with squ..

5.8.2 Dry mortarless installation with square installation kit TQ



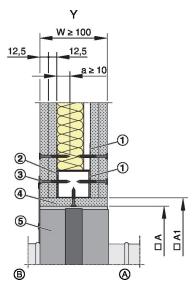


Fig. 53: Dry mortarless installation with square installation kit TQ

- 1 UW section, perimeter
- 2 UA section, perimeter
- 3 Dry wall screw
- 4 Optional trim panels
- 5 Cover plate

- 6 Installation kit TQ (factory assembled)
 □A Installation opening
- □A1 Opening in the metal support structure (without trim panels: □A = □A1)
- Installation side
- B Operating side

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

- Performance class up to EI 90 S
- Fire walls with metal support structure and cladding on both sides, W ≥ 100 mm; detailed specification on page 67.
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements (≥ 50 mm if the cover plate has been shortened)
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- Erect the fire wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening
 ⋄ on page 67
- 2. Position the fire damper with the square installation kit in the centre of the installation opening and push it in up to the cover plate.
 - If the wall thickness is > 115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct (attachment or provided by others).
- 3. ► Fix the cover plate with at least four screws (dry wall screws Ø ≥ 4.2 mm, a ≥ 10 mm) to the perimeter metal section.



Shaft walls > Shaft walls with metal support struc...

5.9 Shaft walls

5.9.1 Shaft walls with metal support structure

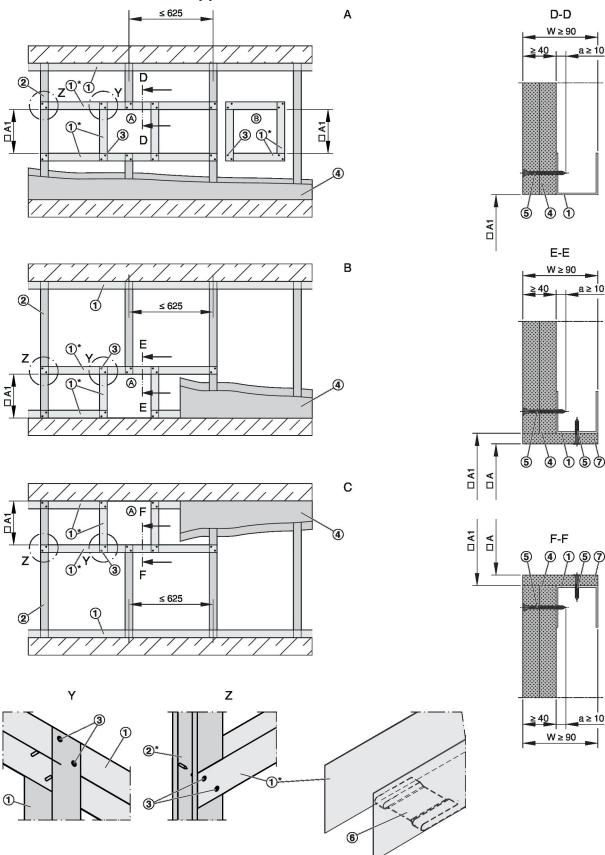


Fig. 54: Shaft walls with metal support structure and cladding on one side



Α	Shaft wall	5	Dry wall screw
В	Shaft wall, installation close to the floor**	6	Fold the tab inward or cut it off
С	Shaft wall, installation close to the ceiling**	7	Trim panels, according to installation details
1	UW section	$\Box A$	Installation opening
2	CW section	□A1	Opening in the metal support structure (without
3	Screw or steel rivet		trim panels: □A = □A1)
4	Double layer cladding, on one side of the metal stud	*	Closed end must face installation opening
	system	**	Mortar-based installation only

Requirements

- Shaft walls with metal support structure and cladding on one side, with European classification according to EN 13501-2 or equivalent national classification
- Cladding on one side made of gypsum bonded or cement bonded panel materials, of fibre-reinforced gypsum or
 of fire-rated calcium silicate boards, wall thickness W ≥ 90 mm
- ≤ 625 mm distance between metal studs
- Installation only into square openings
- The installation opening must be stabilised with a reinforcing section or with horizontal and vertical sections
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- Trim panels have to be screw-fixed to the support structure

Erecting a wall and creating an installation opening

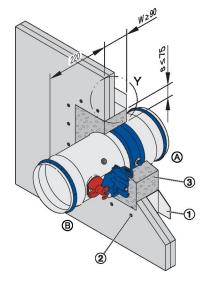
- Erect the shaft wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening, see Fig. 54
- - Option (a): Provide the installation opening in the metal support structure with suitable metal sections.
 - Option ®: After cladding the wall, create a square wall opening and brace it with a perimeter metal section.

Installation opening □A [mm]											
Installation type			Nominal size								
		100	125	150	160	180	200	224	250	280	315
Mortar-based installation			$\Box A = \varnothing DN + 150 \text{ mm max}.$								
Dry mortarless installation with	□A	210	235	260	270	290	310	334	360	390	425
square installation kit TQ ¹	□В	300	325	350	360	380	400	424	450	480	515

¹⁾ Installation opening tolerance + 2 mm



5.9.1.1 Mortar-based installation



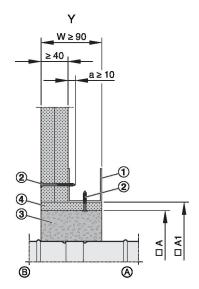


Fig. 55: Mortar-based installation in shaft wall with metal support structure

- 1 Perimeter metal section
- 2 Dry wall screw
- 3 Mortar
- 4 Optional trim panels

- □A Installation opening
- \square A1 Opening in the metal support structure (without trim panels: \square A = \square A1)
- A Installation side
- Operating side

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Materials:

■ Mortar ♦ 'Acceptable mortars for mortar-based installation' on page 17

Requirements

- Performance class EI 90 S
- Shaft walls with metal support structure or with steel support structure and cladding on one side, W ≥ 90 mm; detailed specification ♥ on page 72
- ≥ 40 mm distance to load-bearing structural elements
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- 1. ► Erect the fire wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening ∜ on page 72.
- 2. Push the fire damper into the installation opening and secure it. Make sure that the distance from the connecting spigot on the operating side to the wall is 220 mm.
 - If the wall thickness is >115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct (attachment or provided by others).
- 3. ► Close off the perimeter gap »s« with mortar.

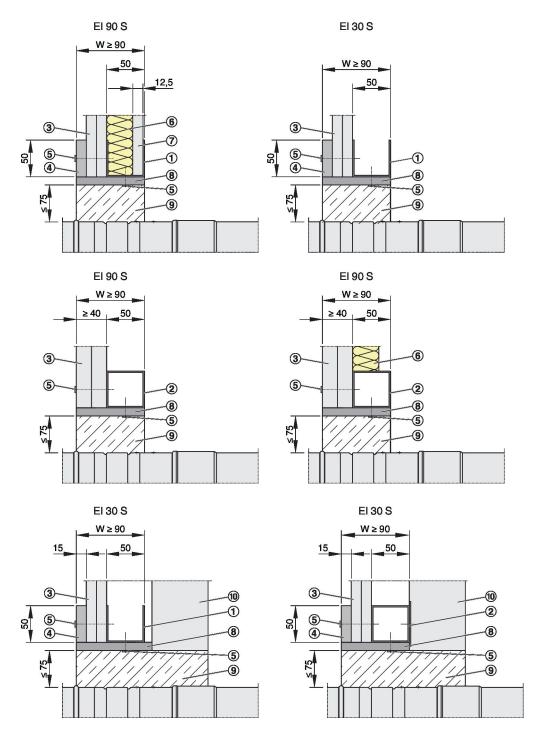


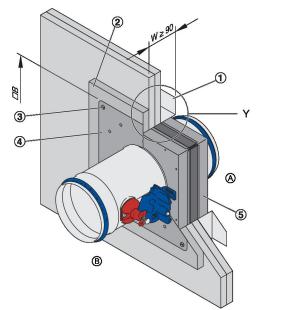
Fig. 56: Installation into shaft walls with metal support structure

- 1 UW section
- 2 Steel support structure
- 3 Double layer cladding, on one side of the metal stud system
- 4 Reinforcing board of the same material as the wall
- 5 Dry wall screw

- 6 Mineral wool (depending on wall construction)
- 7 Plasterboard panel
- 8 Optional trim panels
- 9 Mortar
- 10 Wall without adequate fire resistance rating



5.9.1.2 Dry mortarless installation with square installation kit TQ



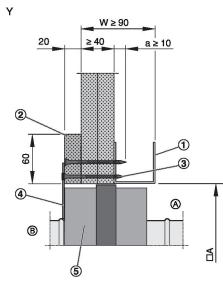


Fig. 57: Dry mortarless installation in shaft wall with metal support structure

- 1 Perimeter metal section
- 2 Reinforcing board
- 3 Dry wall screw
- 4 Cover plate
- 5 Installation kit TQ (factory assembled)
- A Installation side
- Operating side
- □A Installation opening ∜ 73
- □B Cover plate size ∜ 73

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

- Performance class up to EI 90 S
- Shaft walls with metal support structure and cladding on one side, W ≥ 90 mm; detailed specification
 on page 72
- Additional reinforcing board near the fire damper, at least 20 mm thick
- ≥ 75 mm distance between the installation kit and load-bearing structural elements (≥ 100 mm depending on construction)
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two fire dampers
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- **1.** ► Erect the fire wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening ϕ on page 72.
- 2. Position the fire damper with the square installation kit in the centre of the installation opening and push it in up to the cover plate.
 - If the wall thickness is >115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct.
- 3. ► Fix the cover plate with at least four screws (dry wall screws Ø ≥ 4.2 mm, a ≥ 10 mm) to the perimeter metal section.

5.9.2 Shaft walls without metal support structure

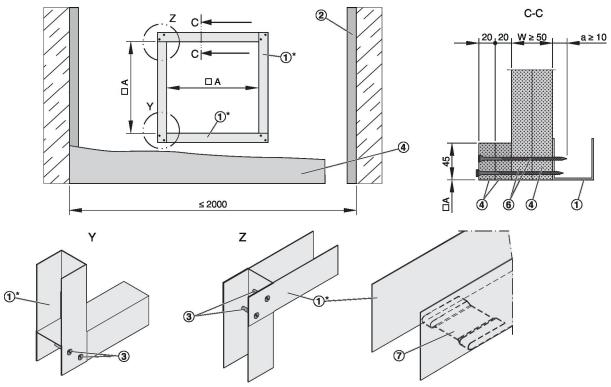


Fig. 58: Shaft wall without metal support structure and cladding on one side

- 1 UW section
- 2 CW section
- 3 Screw or steel rivet
- 4 Double layer cladding, on one side of the metal stud system
- 5 Reinforcing board
- 6 Dry wall screw
- 7 Fold the tab inward or cut it off
- * closed end must face installation opening $\Box A$

Requirements

- Shaft walls without metal support structure and cladding on one side, with European classification according to EN 13501-2 or equivalent national classification
- Cladding on one side made of gypsum bonded or cement bonded panel materials, of fibre-reinforced gypsum or
 of fire-rated calcium silicate boards, wall thickness W ≥ 50 mm
- Wall construction according to the manufacturer's instructions
- Wall width ≤ 2,000 mm for shaft walls without metal support structure
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)

Erecting a wall and creating an installation opening

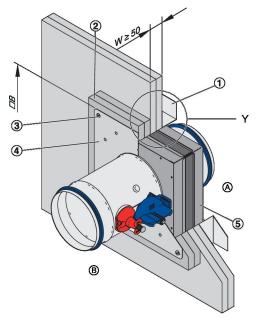
- Erect the shaft wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening with reinforcing strips, see Fig. 58
- After cladding the wall, create a square wall opening with reinforcing strips and brace it with a perimeter metal section.



Installation opening □A [mm]											
Installation type		Nominal size									
		100	125	150	160	180	200	224	250	280	315
Mortar-based installation					□A = 9	⊘DN +	150 mn	n max.			
Dry mortarless installation with	□A	210	235	260	270	290	310	334	360	390	425
square installation kit TQ ¹	□В	300	325	350	360	380	400	424	450	480	515

¹⁾ Installation opening tolerance + 2 mm

5.9.2.1 Dry mortarless installation with square installation kit TQ



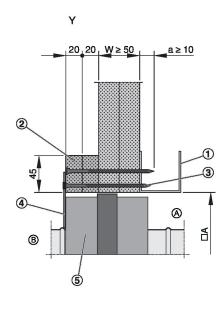


Fig. 59: Dry mortarless installation in shaft wall without metal support structure

- 1 Perimeter metal section
- 2 Reinforcing board
- 3 Dry wall screw
- 4 Cover plate
- 5 Installation kit TQ (factory assembled)
- A Installation side
- B Operating side
- □A Installation opening ∜ 73
- □B Cover plate size ∜ 73

Personnel:

Specialist personnel

Requirements

- Performance class up to EI 90 S
- Shaft walls <u>without</u> metal support structure and cladding on one side, W ≥ 50 mm; detailed specification
 on page 72
- Additional reinforcing board near the fire damper, at least 2 x 20 mm thick
- ≥ 75 mm distance between the installation kit and load-bearing structural elements (≥ 100 mm depending on construction)
- ≥ 200 mm distance between two installation kits
- Duct connection with flexible connector (recommended)
- **1.** ▶ Erect the lightweight partition wall according to the manufacturer's instructions and create an installation opening ♥ on page 72.
- 2. Position the fire damper with the square installation kit in the centre of the installation opening and push it in up to the cover plate.
 - If the wall thickness is >115 mm, extend the fire damper on the installation side with an extension piece or a spiral duct.
- 3. ► Fix the cover plate with at least four screws (dry wall screws Ø ≥ 4.2 mm, a ≥ 10 mm) to the perimeter metal section.



Suspended installation of the fire dam... > Fire dampers with fire batt

5.10 Suspended installation of the fire damper

5.10.1 General

Fire dampers can be suspended from solid ceiling slabs using adequately sized threaded rods. Load the suspension system only with the weight of the fire damper.

Ducts must be suspended separately.

Suspension systems longer than 1.5 m require fireresistant insulation.

For suspended installation, the fire damper requires either an extension piece or it has to be connected to the duct before it is suspended.

Size of threaded rods

Thread	M8	M10	M12	M14	M16	M20
Fmax (N) per threaded rod	219	348	505	690	942	1470
Maximum loading [kg] per threaded rod	22	35	52	70	96	150

5.10.2 Fixing to the ceiling slab

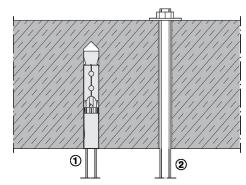


Fig. 60: Fixing to the ceiling slab

- Anchor with certified fire protection qualification
- ② Push through installation

Only steel anchors with certified fire protection qualification and suitable for the wall or ceiling must be used. Instead of anchors, threaded rods can be used and can be secured using nuts and washers.

5.10.3 Fire dampers with fire batt

5.10.3.1 Horizontal duct

Installation of the fire damper with a fire batt in horizontal ducts requires a suspension system on both sides of the wall.

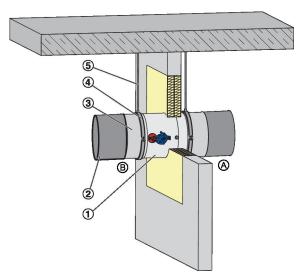


Fig. 61: Suspension system, horizontal duct

- 1 Fire damper
- 2 Flexible connector
- 3 Extension piece
- 4 Clamp
- 5 Threaded rod, at least M8, galvanised steel. Fixing to the ceiling slab & Chapter 5.10.2 'Fixing to the ceiling slab' on page 80. Suspension systems longer than 1.5 m require fire-resistant insulation.
- B Operating side

Note: Each fire damper has to be suspended both on the operating side and on the installation side.

Suspended installation of the fire dam... > Fire dampers with fire batt

5.10.3.2 Vertical duct

Suspended installation of the fire damper

Suspension below the ceiling slab with solid brackets and rivets. Fig. 62/1)

Fixing above and below the ceiling slab with rivets. Fig. 62/2)

Fixing above and below the ceiling slab with heavy duty clamp. Fig. 62/3)

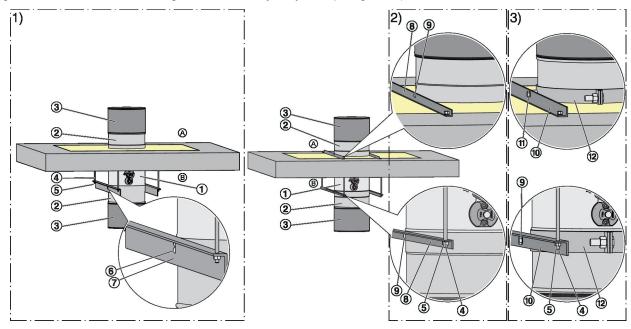


Fig. 62: Suspended installation variants for fire dampers

- 1 Fire damper
- 2 Extension piece
- 3 Flexible connector
- 4 Threaded rod, at least M8, galvanised steel
- 5 Washer and nut suitable for the threaded rod
- 6 4 steel rivets Ø 6.4 mm, clamping range 2 to 20 mm, e.g. cap blind rivets or high strength rivets. The riveted connection must be air-tight.
- 7 L-section to EN 10056-1 60 × 30 × 5 mm

- 8 Angle section 20 × 20 × 3 mm to EN 10056-1
- 9 4 steel rivets Ø 6.4 mm clamping range
 2 to 20 mm, e.g. cap blind rivets or high strength rivets; the riveted connection must be air-tight.
- 10 Angle section 35 × 35 × 4 mm to EN 10056-1
- 11 Screw fixing suitable for the clamp
- 12 Clamp, e.g. Hilti MP-MX, Valraven BIS HD 500 or equivalent
- A Installation side
- Operating side



Suspended installation of the fire dam... > Fire dampers with fire batt

Upright installation of the fire damper

Fixing above and below the ceiling slab with rivets. Fig. 63/1)

Fixing above and below the ceiling slab with heavy duty clamp. Fig. 63/2)

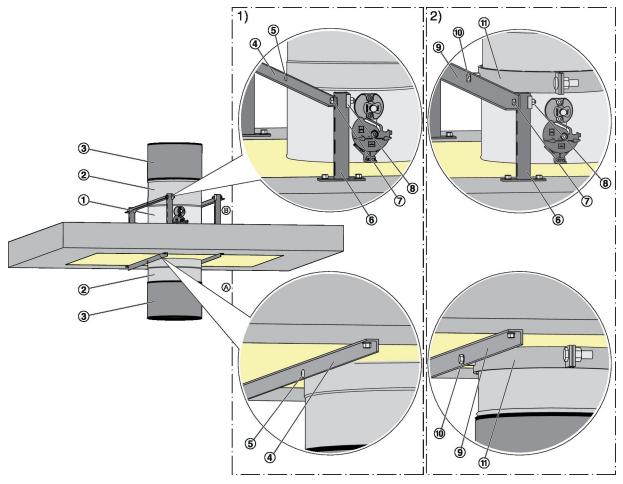


Fig. 63: Upright installation variants for fire dampers

- 1 Fire damper
- 2 Extension piece
- 3 Flexible connector
- 4 Angle section 20 × 20 × 3 mm to EN 10056-1
- 4 steel rivets Ø 6.4 mm, clamping range 2 to 20 mm, e.g. cap blind rivets or high strength rivets; the riveted connection must be air-tight.
- 6 Bracket, e.g. Hilti MM-B-30 or equivalent
- 7 4 screw fixings (M8 screw with 2 washers and nut), suitable for the bracket
- 8 Fixing bracket, Varifix or Müpro MPC or equivalent
- 9 Angle section 35 × 35 × 4 mm to EN 10056-1
- 10 Screw fixing suitable for the clamp
- 11 Clamp, e.g. Hilti MP-MX, Valraven BIS HD 500 or equivalent
- A Installation side
- B Operating side



♠ DANGER!

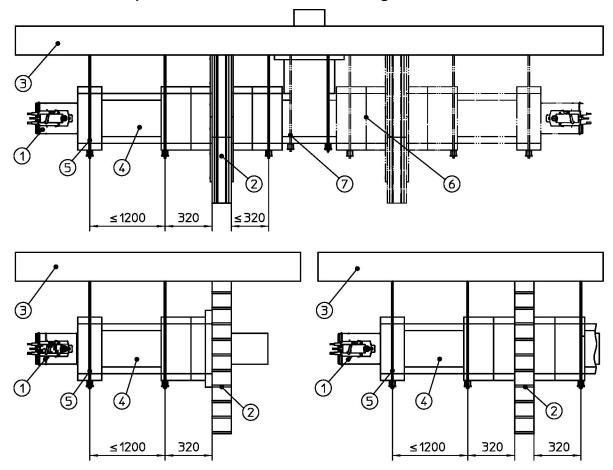
Danger of falling off! Do not step onto the fire batt!

The fire batt cannot carry any loads. Adequate means, e.g. a permanent barrier, must be installed to prevent people from stepping onto the fire batt.



Suspended installation of the fire dam... > Fire damper remote from walls and ce...

Fire damper remote from walls and ceilings 5.10.4



TX2166243

Fig. 64: FKRS-EU in a cladded duct

- **FKRS-EU**
- Solid wall or lightweight partition wall
- Solid ceiling slab
- Sheet steel duct with fire-resistant cladding
- Suspension
- 6
- Additional ducting can be used
 Additional ducting has to be suspended

Limiting duct expansion > Flexible connectors

6 Connecting the ductwork

6.1 Ducts

Ducts of combustible or non-combustible materials may be connected to fire dampers.

6.2 Removing the transport/installation protection

Fire dampers of nominal size 315 and above and without installation block are shipped with a transport/ installation protection. In case of mortar-based installation this protection must not be removed until the mortar has hardened. To remove the transport/installation protection, pull it out of the fire damper on the operating side.

6.3 Limiting duct expansion

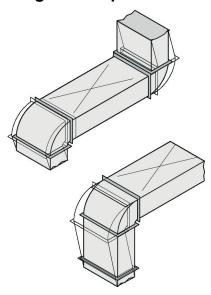


Fig. 65: Limiting loads

Ducting must be installed in such a manner that it does not impose any significant loads on the fire damper in the event of a fire.

The expansion of ducts in the event of a fire can be compensated by brackets and turns, Fig. 65.



Note

For further information please refer to the guideline regarding fire protection requirements on ventilation systems (Lüftungsanlagen-Richtlinie, LüAR).

As ducts may expand and walls may become deformed in the event of a fire, we recommend for the following applications using flexible connectors when connecting the fire damper to rigid ducts:

- in lightweight partition walls
- in lightweight shaft walls
- with fire batt

6.3.1 Flexible connectors

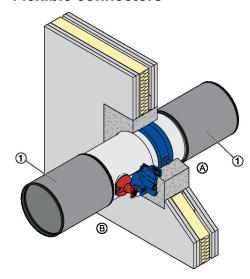


Fig. 66: FKRS-EU with flexible connectors

- 1 Flexible connector
- A Installation side
- Operating side

The flexible connectors should be installed in such a way that they can compensate both tension and compression. Flexible ducts can be used as an alternative. If flexible connectors are used, equipotential bonding must be ensured \$ Chapter 7.3 'Equipotential bonding' on page 87.



Note

To ensure that the open fire damper blade is contained within the fire damper casing on the installation side, an extension piece is required for nominal size 224 and above.

Inspection acces

6.4 Cover grille

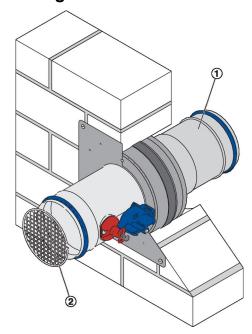


Fig. 67: Fire damper with cover grille

- 1 Extension piece required for nominal size 224 and above
- 2 Cover grille

If only one end is to be ducted on site, the other end must have a cover grille (galvanised steel, mesh aperture ≤ 20 mm).



Note

To ensure that the open fire damper blade is contained within the fire damper casing on the installation side, an extension piece is required for nominal size 224 and above.

6.5 Inspection access

Type FKRS-EU fire dampers have an inspection access that is closed with a rubber stopper & Chapter 4 'Parts and function' on page 13. The interior of the fire damper should remain accessible for cleaning. Depending on the installation configuration it may be necessary to provide inspection panels in the connecting ducts.



Connecting the spring return actuator

7 Making electrical connections

General safety notes



DANGER!

Danger of electric shock! Do not touch any live components! Electrical equipment carries a dangerous electrical voltage.

- Only skilled qualified electricians are allowed to work on the electrical system.
- Switch off the power supply before working on any electrical equipment.

7.1 Connecting the limit switches (fire dampers with fusible link)

Personnel:

Skilled qualified electrician

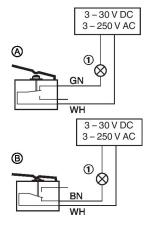


Fig. 68: Wiring of limit switches, example

- 1 Indicator light or relay, to be provided by others
- The limit switches must be connected according to the wiring example Fig. 68
- Indicator lights or relays may be connected as long as the performance specifications are taken into consideration.
- Connection boxes must be fixed to the adjoining structure (wall or ceiling slab). They must not be fixed to the fire damper.

Type of connection	Limit	Damper	Electric cir-
	switch	blade	cuit
NC contact	not actuated	CLOSED or OPEN posi- tion is <u>not</u> reached	closed

Type of connection	Limit switch	Damper blade	Electric cir- cuit
® NO contact	actuated	CLOSED or OPEN posi- tion is reached	closed

7.2 Connecting the spring return actuator

Personnel:

Skilled qualified electrician

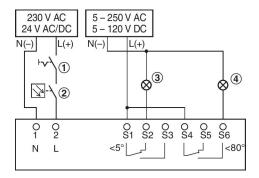


Fig. 69: Actuator connection, example

Colour codes of BFL actuators:

S1 = violet

S2 = red

S3 = white

S4 = orange

S5 = pink

S6 = grey

- Switch for opening and closing, to be provided by others
- 2 Optional release mechanism, e.g. TROX duct smoke detector Type RM-O-3-D or RM-O-VS-D
- 3 Indicator light for CLOSED position, to be provided by others
- 4 Indicator light for OPEN position, to be provided by others
- The fire damper may be equipped with a spring return actuator for a supply voltage of 230 V AC or 24 V AC/DC. See the performance data on the rating plate. § 11
- The spring return actuator must be connected according to the wiring example shown. Several actuators can be connected in parallel as long as the performance specifications are taken into consideration.
- Connection boxes must be fixed to the adjoining structure (wall or ceiling slab). They must not be fixed to the fire damper.

Note: For the wiring of explosion-proof actuators see the additional FKRS-EU-Ex operating manualer



Making electrical connections

Equipotential bonding

Actuators with 24 V AC/DC

Safety transformers must be used. The connecting cables are fitted with plugs. This ensures quick and easy connection to the TROX AS-i bus system. For connection to the terminals, shorten the connecting cable.

7.3 Equipotential bonding

If equipotential bonding is a requirement, there must be an electrical earth connection from the fire damper to the duct. In the event of a fire, mechanical loads from the equipotential bonding must not affect the fire damper.

- Fire dampers with flange: The flange of the fire damper is used for equipotential bonding; no drilled holes are required in the damper casing.
- Fire dampers without flange (circular): Suitable clamps or similar parts may be used for equipotential bonding. It is possible to make drilled holes near the spigot.

TROX TECHNIK

Fire damper with fusible link

Functional test 8

General

During operation at normal temperatures, the damper blade is open. A functional test involves closing the damper blade and opening it again.

8.1 Fire damper with fusible link

Closing the damper blade

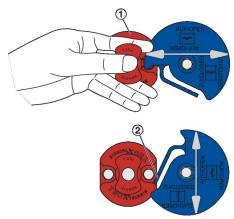


Fig. 70: Closing the damper blade



CAUTION!

Danger of injury when reaching into the fire damper while the damper blade is moving. Do not reach into the fire damper while actuating the release mechanism.

Requirement

- The damper blade is OPEN
- 1. Grasp the release mechanism (1) as shown with the thumb and middle fingers.
- 2. Pull the release mechanism towards you with both fingers.
 - The damper blade closes and the tab ② on the handle locks into the CLOSED position.

Opening the damper blade

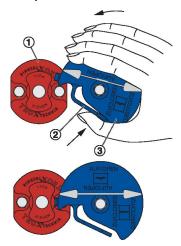


Fig. 71: Opening the damper blade

CAUTION!

The handle will break if handled improperly

Be sure to press the tab ② as otherwise the handle ③ will be damaged.

Requirement

- The damper blade is CLOSED
- 1. With your right hand, grasp the handle ③ as shown and press down the tab ② with your thumb.
- 2. Then turn the handle anti-clockwise to the travel stop.
 - The handle locks into the OPEN position.

Damper blade position indicator

The position of the damper blade is indicated by the position of the handle.

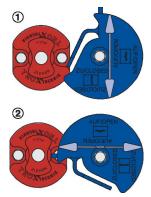


Fig. 72: Damper blade position indicator

- Damper blade is closed
- ② Damper blade is open

8.2 Fire damper with spring return actuator

Status indicator

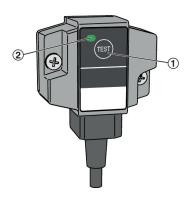


Fig. 73: Thermoelectric release mechanism BAT

- Toggle switch for functional test
- 2 LED

The indicator light ② for the thermoelectric release mechanism is illuminated when all of the following conditions apply:

- Power is supplied.
- The thermoelectric release is in order.
- The toggle switch is not being pushed.

Damper blade position indicator

The position of the damper is indicated by the pointer on the actuator.



Fig. 74: Damper blade position indicator

- Damper blade is closed
- ② Damper blade is open

Closing/opening the damper blade with spring return actuator

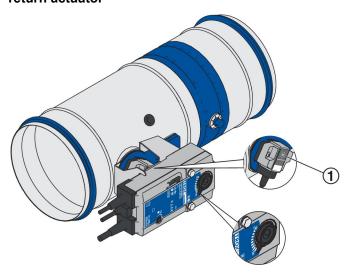


Fig. 75: Functional test



CAUTION!

Danger of injury when reaching into the fire damper while the damper blade is moving. Do not reach into the fire damper while actuating the release mechanism.

Requirement

- Power is being supplied
- 1. Push toggle switch ① and keep it pushed.
 - ⇒ This interrupts the power supply, and the damper blade closes.
- 2. Check if the damper blade is CLOSED, check running time.
- 3. Release the toggle switch ①.
 - Voltage is supplied again, and the damper blade opens.
- 4. Check if the damper blade is OPEN, check running time.



Opening the damper blade using the crank handle



Fig. 76: Functional test (without power supply)



DANGER!

Danger due to malfunction of the fire damper.

If the damper blade has been opened by means of the crank handle (without power supply), it will no longer be triggered by a temperature increase, i.e. in the event of a fire. In other words, the damper blade will not close.

To re-establish its function, connect the power supply.

Requirement

- The damper blade is CLOSED
- 1. Insert the crank handle ① into the opening for the spring-winding mechanism.
- 2. Turn the crank handle into the direction of the arrow 2 to just short of the travel stop and hold it.
- 3. ► Set the interlock ③ to 🔓
 - ⇒ The damper blade remains in the OPEN posi-
- 4. Remove the crank handle.

Closing the damper blade



Fig. 77: Functional test (without power supply)



CAUTION!

Danger of injury when reaching into the fire damper while the damper blade is moving. Do not reach into the fire damper while actuating the release mechanism.

Requirement

- The damper blade is OPEN
 - ▶ Set the interlock ③ to 🔒
 - ⇒ The damper blade is released and closes.



Functional test with automatic control

8.3 Functional test with automatic control unit

Functional test with automatic control unit

The function of fire dampers with a spring return actuator can also be tested with an automatic control unit. The control unit should have the following functions:

- Opening and closing fire dampers in regular intervals (intervals to be set by the owner or operator)
- Monitoring of the actuator running times
- Issuing an alarm when the running times are exceeded and when fire dampers close
- Recording the test results

TROXNETCOM systems such as TNC-EASYCON-TROL or AS-interface meet all these requirements. For details on these products please refer to the TROX Fire and Smoke Protection catalogue.

TROXNETCOM systems allow for automatic functional tests; they do not replace maintenance and cleaning, which have to be carried out in regular intervals or depending on the condition of the product. The documentation of test results makes trends visible, e.g. the running time of actuators. They may also indicate the need for additional measures which help to maintain the system's function, e.g. cleaning of heavy contamination (dust in extract air systems).



9 Commissioning

Before commissioning

Operation

During normal operation the damper blade is open to enable air passage through the ventilation system.

If the temperature in the duct or the ambient temperature rises in the event of a fire ((\geq 72 °C / \geq 95 °C), the thermal release mechanism is triggered and closes the damper blade.



CLOSED fire dampers

Fire dampers which close while the ventilation and air conditioning system is running must be inspected before they are opened again in order to ensure their correct function \S 'Inspection' on page 93.

Maintenance 10

10.1 General

General safety notes



DANGER!

Danger of electric shock! Do not touch any live components! Electrical equipment carries a dangerous electrical voltage.

- Only skilled qualified electricians are allowed to work on the electrical system.
- Switch off the power supply before working on any electrical equipment.



CAUTION!

Danger due to inadvertently actuating the fire damper. Inadvertent actuation of the damper blade or other parts can lead to injuries.

Make sure that the damper blade cannot be released inadvertently.

Regular care and maintenance ensure operational readiness, functional reliability, and long service life of the fire damper.

The owner or operator of the system is responsible for the maintenance of the fire damper. The operator is responsible for creating a maintenance plan, for defining the maintenance objectives, and for the functional reliability of the fire damper.

Functional test

The functional reliability of the fire damper must be tested at least every six months; this has to be arranged by the owner or operator. If two consecutive tests, one 6 months after the other, are successful, the next test can be conducted one year later.

The functional test must be carried out in compliance with the basic maintenance principles of the following standards:

- EN 13306
- **DIN 31051**
- EN 15423

The function of fire dampers with a spring return actuator can also be tested with an automatic control unit \$\(\phi\) 'Functional test with automatic control unit' on page 91.

Maintenance

The fire damper and the spring return actuator are maintenance-free with regard to wear but fire dampers must still be included in the regular cleaning of the ventilation system.

Cleaning

The fire damper may be cleaned with a dry or damp cloth. Sticky dirt or contamination may be removed with a commercial, non-aggressive cleaning agent. Do not use abrasive cleaners or tools (e.g. brushes).

Inspection

The fire damper must be inspected before commissioning. After commissioning, the function has to be tested in regular intervals. Local requirements and building regulations must be complied with. The inspection measures to be taken are listed under . The test of each fire damper must be documented and evaluated. If the requirements are not fully met, suitable remedial action must be taken.

Repair

For safety reasons, repair work must only be carried out by expert qualified personnel or the manufacturer. Only original replacement parts are to be used. A functional test \$ 88 is required after any repair work.

10.2 Lubricating points

Lubricating points

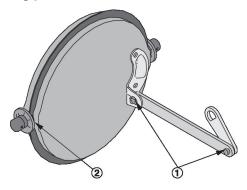


Fig. 78: Lubricating points

- Push rod bearings
- Damper blade bearings (both sides)

Only lubricate the lubricating points if the damper blade cannot be opened or closed easily. Use only oil or grease that is free of resins or acids.

Replacing the fusible link

10.3 Replacing the fusible link

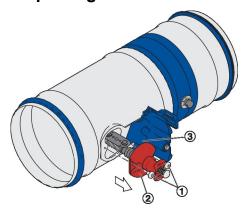


Fig. 79: Removing the fusible link holder

- 1. Close the damper blade.
- 2. Release screws 1 on the fusible link holder 2.
- 3. Remove fusible link holder ② from the fire damper. While doing so, slightly press down the tab ③ of the handle.

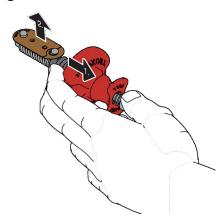


Fig. 80: Removing the fusible link holder

- **4.** Grasp the fusible link holder as shown. Move your middle fingers into the direction of the arrow.
- **5.** Remove the used fusible link.
- 6. Insert the new fusible link.
- 7. Put the fusible link holder back into the fire damper and fix it with screws ①.
- 8. Carry out functional test.

Maintenance

10.4 Maintenance

Interval	Measure	Personnel
A	Access to the fire damper Internal and external accessibility Provide access	Specialist per- sonnel
	Installation of the fire damper ■ Installation according to the operating manual ♥ 17 — Install the fire damper correctly.	Specialist per- sonnel
	 Transport and installation protection, if any Transport/installation protection removed Remove transport/installation protection 	Specialist per- sonnel
	Connection of ductwork/cover grille/flexible connector ♥ 84 Connection according to this manual Establish correct connection	Specialist per- sonnel
	Power supply to the spring return actuator Power supply according to spring return actuator rating plate Provide correct power supply	Skilled qualified electrician
A/B	Check fire damper for damage Fire damper, damper blade and seal must be intact Replace the damper blade Repair or replace the fire damper.	Specialist per- sonnel
	Function of the release mechanism Function OK Fusible link intact/no corrosion Replace the fusible link Replace the release mechanism	Specialist per- sonnel
	 Functional test of the fire damper (with fusible link) ♥ 88 Fire damper can be opened manually Handle can be locked in the OPEN position Damper blade closes when triggered manually Determine and eliminate the cause of the fault Repair or replace the fire damper. Replace the release mechanism 	Specialist per- sonnel
	 Functional test of the fire damper (with spring return actuator) \$ 88 Actuator function OK Damper blade closes Damper blade opens Determine and eliminate the cause of the fault Replace the spring return actuator Repair or replace the fire damper. 	Specialist per- sonnel
	 Function of external smoke detector Function OK Fire damper closes when triggered manually or when smoke is detected Fire damper opens after reset Determine and eliminate the cause of the fault Repair or replace smoke detector 	Specialist per- sonnel



Maintenance

Interval	Measure	Personnel
C	 Cleaning the fire damper No contamination in the interior or on the exterior of the fire damper No corrosion Remove contamination with a damp cloth Remove corrosion or replace part 	Specialist per- sonnel
	Function of limit switches Function OK Replace the limit switches	Specialist per- sonnel
	Function of the external signalling (damper blade position indicator) Function OK Determine and eliminate the cause of the fault	Specialist per- sonnel

Interval Maintenance work

Interval

A = Commissioning

B = Regularly

The functional reliability of fire dampers must be tested at least every six months. If two consecutive tests are successful, the next test can be conducted one year later. The function of fire dampers with a spring return actuator can also be tested with an automatic control unit (remote controlled). The system owner can then set the intervals for local tests.

C = As required, depending on the degree of contamination

Item to be checked

- Required condition
 - Remedial action if necessary



11 Decommissioning, removal and disposal

Final decommissioning

- Switch off the ventilation system.
- Switch off the power supply.

Removal



DANGER!

Danger of electric shock! Do not touch any live components! Electrical equipment carries a dangerous electrical voltage.

- Only skilled qualified electricians are allowed to work on the electrical system.
- Switch off the power supply before working on any electrical equipment.
- 1. Disconnect the wiring.
- 2. Remove the ducts.
- 3. Close the damper blade.
- 4. Remove the fire damper.

Disposal

For disposal, the fire damper must be disassembled.



ENVIRONMENT!

Dispose of electronic components according to the local electronic waste regulations.



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